THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Published by NEVILLE B. CRAIG, *near the S. W. corner of the Diamond—Weekly Paper, Two Dollars per year, in advance—Semi-Weekly Paper, Four Dollars per year, in advance.*

VOL. 48. FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1832. NO. 14.

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Offer for sale, on accommodating terms,

105 HHDS. Leaf Tobacco;
40 do. Sugar;
180 bbls. Loaf Sugar;
300 Salted Hides;
180 bales Tennessee Cotton;
75 bbls. Molasses;
4 do. Honey;
50 do. Tar.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 2, 1832.—tf

JOHN ALEXANDER

Has Removed his Wholesale and Retail

CHEAP CASH STORE,

To his old, well known stand, 65 Market street,

ON which has been erected that splendid and extensive building with the IRON FRONT, where he is now opening, and will keep constantly on hand, a large stock of Staple, and the most splendid stock of Fancy DRY GOODS, ever offered in this city; which will be sold, wholesale or retail, at a small advance for cash.

Also, A large stock of MAHOGANY, at reduced prices. J. A.

August 2, 1831—tf

REMOVAL.

JOHN I. KAY & Co. have removed their stock of Books to No. 44 Market street, opposite the Pittsburgh Bank, where they will continue to keep on hands, a General Assortment of

Books and Stationery,

Which they will dispose of at very low prices.

N. B. Merchants' orders put up on the most reasonable terms. April 6, 1832.—tf

Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public that they have in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood street, a number of Sticking Machines, which enable them to supply, with promptitude, to any extent, orders for Cards of every description—Cotton and Woollen Manufacturers, and Carding Machine builders, will be accommodated on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States.

The Public are most respectfully referred to the following certificates.

Gentlemen—We are in receipt of your letter of 18th inst., and in reply, have to say that all the Cards purchased by us from your concern, has upon trial, proved to be good; we incline to the opinion that they are superior to any we have bought east of the mountains. Very respectfully,

MOORES & WILSON,
Point Cotton Factory, Wheeling, Va.

To Messrs. G. Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh.
Nov. 21, 1831.

We have had in use, for some time, the Machine Cards manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and have no hesitation in pronouncing them equal to any Cards heretofore made use of in our establishment.

JAMES ARTHURS & BROTHERS.

The undersigned have been using, for the last six months, Cards manufactured by G. Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and unhesitatingly say, they are the best they ever worked: they recommend manufacturers to give them a trial for themselves, and believe they will not be disappointed in their quality.

THORNILEY & TOWNSEND.
Fallston, Nov. 22, 1831.

The Card Clothing manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, which we have in use in our establishment, (the Hope Cotton Factory,) has given the greatest satisfaction, and we feel justifiable in recommending them to others.

SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.

The Machine Cards, manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh, some of which are in use in the manufactories at Economy, Beaver county, Pa., have given entire satisfaction, and therefore have no hesitation in recommending them to the patronage of the manufacturers generally. Yours, respectfully,

FREDERICK RAPP.

December 30—tf

E. HALE,
SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.

March 10, 1832.—tf

THE Subscribers, having given James T. Kincaid an interest in their Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory, will continue their business, under the firm of *L. & P. Peterson & Co.*, No. 45, Front street, and No. 66, Second street, near the Post Office.

L. & P. PETERSON.

Pittsburgh, June 15, 1832.—tf

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR J. H. IRWIN has removed to the office lately occupied by the Doctor Gazzams, in the Museum Building, on Fourth street, the first door from Boggs & Wrenshall's store, on the corner of Fourth and Market streets.

June 22—tf

Clock and Watch Making.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they still continue the above business, two doors from the corner of Liberty, in St. Clair street, *near the Exchange*, where they have just added largely to their stock, and intend keeping a general assortment of Goods in their line, such as Gold and Silver Patent Lever, English and Common Watches; Gold Chains, Seals, and Keys; Pearl, Jet, Diamond, and Plate Breastpins; Filligree and Jet Ear Rings and Drops; Pearl, Jet, Diamond, and Plain Finger Rings; Britannia Ware, warranted; Silver Plate, do. do.; Silver Table and Tea Spoons; Cream Ladles and Spectacles; Lamps, Candlesticks, Ever Pointed Pencil Cases, Musical Boxes, Coral Beads, Razors, Knives, Clasps, Thimbles and Guards; Mantel Clocks, of various patterns.

Together with an assortment of FANCY ARTICLES; all of which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms, and respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

LOGAN & FRITSCHY.

☞ *Clocks and Watches* carefully repaired, and warranted to perform well.

Sept. 11.—tf

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

BENJAMIN DARLINGTON,

NO. 49 MARKET STREET,

HAS just received and is now opening a very general assortment of *Hardware, Cutlery, and Saddlery*—all which is offered low Wholesale or Retail.

LOTS.

Also, a number of valuable Building Lots for sale. For terms, apply as above.

February 7, 1832.—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.

Mobile, may 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

ew Hardware Store,
NO 66, WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

LOGAN & KENNEDY, having just received an extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, &c., respectfully invite the attention of Merchants, Mechanics, and others.

Also, a well selected assortment of *Union Factory* bench and moulding Planes.

Feb. 21, 1832.—tf

JUST received, and for sale by COCHRAN & IRWIN.

200 bbls. No 2, MACKEREL;
50 hhds. N. O. SUGAR;
100 bbls. ROSIN;
5,000 lbs. Superior LAMP BLACK.

Pittsburgh, June 9.

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC ELIXER.

ONE of the most agreeable and efficacious Medicines ever discovered for the permanent cure of those chronic states of derangement of the stomach, constituting that miserable disease called Dyspepsia.

The basis of this Elixer is vegetables, and perfectly innocent in its operation; it destroys that sour state of the stomach, the instant it is taken, and stops the morbid secretion, by giving strength to the muscular fibre of that important organ, by which means the peristaltic motion of the intestines is increased, and the costiveness obviated; a new action is given to the system, which puts an end to a train of distressing nervous sensations.

Another form of the disease in which the Elixer is admirably calculated to relieve, is the decline of fever, where the stomach will not bear the ordinary strengthening medicines indicated in such cases, it has the surprising effect of giving vigor, and restoring the natural secretions of the body, without increasing the febrile state. Not the least danger is to be apprehended from exposure to cold, while under the use of this medicine, nor will it interrupt necessary employment of the patient a single hour.

☞ A number of cases of cures performed by the Anti-Dyspeptic Elixer in the vicinity of Pittsburgh can be given.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., No. 42 Market street. August 24, 1832.—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,
No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

Receiving & Forwarding House,
NEW ORLEANS

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq., late of Ross township, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, } *Ex'rs.*
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed o their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE
IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

TO LET,

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE pleasantly situated on the south side of the Monongahela river, a few perches above the Bridge Apply to the subscriber.

FREDERICK BAUSMAN.

may 11, 1822.—tf

50 Hogsheads Kentucky Leaf Tobacco;
65 do New Orleans Sugar;
50 boxes Cavendish Tobacco.

Received per late arrivals, and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

March 9.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'Kee, Clarke & Co. } Pittsburgh.
Jas. Adams, Jr. & Co. }
Hamilton Stewart, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.—tf.

FOR SALE,

LOT No. 232, at the corner of Second street and Chancery Lane, Pittsburgh. For terms, apply to JOHN SNYDER,
WILLIAM HAYS, *or*
NEVILLE B. CRAIG.

Sept. 28.—3mo.

RECEIVED,

By late arrivals, and for Sale on accommodating terms, by the Subscribers—

50 Hogsheads New Orleans SUGAR;
20 bbls. Tanners' OIL;
7 Casks and 3 barrels Sperm. OIL;
20 Barrels Refined Whale do
2 Casks Racked do do
12 Ceroons Spanish LEAF TOBACCO;
75 Barrels PITCH;
33 Boxes Smoked HERRING;
77 do Sperm. CANDLES;
2 Hogsheads MADDER;
90 Barrels LOAF SUGAR;
90 Boxes TIN PLATE, ½ X;
24 Half and Whole Tierces RICE;
16 Pigs Block TIN;
12 Boxes CLARET;
5 Kegs LIME JUICE;
5 Qr. Casks Marseilles Madeira WINE;
10 Barrels ALUM;
6 Bales ALMONDS;
98 DEMIJOHNS, assorted;
50 Barrels No. 3 MACKEREL.

DOBBIN & IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1832.—tf

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831—tf

Valuable Real Estate in the Market.

FOR SALE,

TWENTY-TWO LOTS, handsomely situated on Grant's hill, in Hoge's extension, near the tunnnel.

Upwards of forty lots in the village of Lawrenceville.

A number of valuable lots situate on the Monongahela river, and on either side of the extension of Second street, adjacent to the city.

Two valuable tracts of land, situate about 7 miles from Pittsburgh, near the Washington Turnpike Road and Chartier's creek.

The lot of ground, in Pittsburgh, on which the old banking-house now stands. Terms of payment will be made easy. Apply to

A. BRACKENRIDGE,
April 6.—tf At the Office B. U. S.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.

April 5—tf.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18. 1829.—tf.

WANTED,

TWENTY Shares Bank of Pittsburgh Stock, for which a liberal premium will be allowed. Apply to

CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE.

may 25.

THOMAS L. SHIELDS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW:

OFFICE at the South West corner of Market street and the Diamond—entrance, No. 3 in the Diamond. Dec. 20, 1831.—tf

100 BARRELS Bridgeport Steam Mill Flour—made from New Wheat, suitable for Family use, and warranted of very superior quality. Just received and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Oct. 2.—tf

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, } tf
December 9, 1831. }

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

280 BBLS. N. O. Molasses;
25 bbls. Sugar House Molasses;
100 bbls. No. 2 Mackerel;
75 bbls. Tanners' (Brown) Oil;
25 bbls. *Very Old Whiskey.*

For sale by JOHN DALZELL & Co.,
170, Corner of Liberty and Irwin streets.

July 24.—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
Booksellers, Printers,
Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

march 14.—tf.

Eighty Shares of Beaver Bridge Stock
FOR SALE.

THE subscribers will sell the above number of Shares in the Beaver Bridge Company, the Stock of which is valuable, nets at present a good dividend, and it is thought will net from 8 to 10 per cent. when the Beaver Canal is completed. For particulars, inquire of S. Baird & Co., Merchants, corner of Fifth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, or to the subscribers, Merchants, Philadelphia. BROWN & AGNEW.

may 4, 1832.—6mo.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NO. 41 WOOD STREET.
Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞ Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission
WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

ONLY 25 CENTS.

LEE'S UNPARALLELED ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS, price 25 and 50 cents per box—famous for the cure of Bilious and other destructive fevers, obstinate obstructions of the stomach and bowels, giddiness, sickness of the stomach, removing colds, costiveness, &c. &c.

Dear Sir—Having made use of the various Pills in my family, offered to the public for the past five years, and having found your celebrated Anti-Bilious Pills the most efficacious in cleansing the stomach and bowels, removing head-aches, sick stomach, and having used them for several years past, I can have no hesitation in stating, that I believe them, as represented, a most valuable Family Medicine. JACOB SMALL,
Mayor of the city of Philadelphia.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely.

CAUTION.—Please ask for Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills, prepared by Noah Ridgely—and see that his name is on the outside wrapper—no other are genuine. None of Lee's medicines are genuine without the name of Noah Ridgely on them.

Twenty years.—LEE'S ELIXIR

has for twenty years, been a most successful medicine, for the cure of colds, coughs, spitting of blood, asthma, consumptions, and other complaints of the lungs and breast, as many of our citizens have certified.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely, of Baltimore.

Dear Sir—I was attacked with a most violent cold, a severe cough, and pains in the breast, which continued to grow worse, during which my appetite failed and my voice altered so much, that it was with the utmost exertions I could pronounce a single sentence louder than breath. I bought and used one phial of your valuable Elixir, which restored me to perfect health. Yours, with respect. J. A. SMITH,
Market street, Fell's Point.

Lee's Worm Lozenges, a certain and powerful remedy for destroying all kinds of worms.

Wonderful Tape Worm! A part of a tape worm passed by a lady 40 years old, which measures 3 feet long, and contains three hundred joints. This worm, with two round worms 13 to 15 inches long, and three fourths of an inch round, expelled from a child not five years old, by the use of Lee's Lozenges, are now to be seen at Lee's Family Medicine Dispensary, No. 63, Hanover street, Baltimore.

Lee's Nervous Cordial, an excellent medicine for all nervous affections, weakness, pain in the loins, back, &c.

Lee's Essence of Mustard! No remedy ever excelled this in curing rheumatism, sprains, bruises, frosted feet, &c.

Lee's Ague and Fever Drops, a never failing cure.

Sir—You are at full liberty to use my name in recommending your Lee's infallible Ague and Fever Drops, as, from repeated trials of them in my family, I have always found those Drops to be truly an infallible medicine, never failing to produce a speedy and effectual cure. Yours, respectfully,

MICHAEL WARNER.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment, warranted to cure the ITCH by one application.

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion, An excellent medicine for curing tetters, ringworms, prickly heat, &c.

Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific, an effectual cure for the Venereal and Gonorrhœa.

Lee's Tooth-Ache Drops, which give immediate relief.

Lee's Tooth Powder, which cleanses and beautifies the teeth.

Lee's Eye Water, a certain cure for sore eyes.

Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the cure of head-aches.

Lee's Corn Plaster, for removing and destroying corns.

Hundreds of cases of cures performed by the above truly valuable medicines could be given, did the limits of a newspaper admit of it.

☞ The above highly approved medicines are sold by appointment, by B. A. FAHNESTOCK and CHAS. AVERY & CO., Pittsburgh, who have just received a fresh supply from Baltimore.

November 4—tf

☞ The Subscriber, of the firm of STROOP & CAROTHERS, having declined business in favor of ISAIAH DICKEY, begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of DICKEY & CAROTHERS; who are now authorized to settle all transactions in their former business. JACOB STROOP.

Pittsburgh, July 9, 1832.

NEW WHOLESALE
Grocery and Commission Warehouse,
NUMBER 168 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers are now receiving, and have on hand, from the eastern and southern markets, a large and well selected assortment of GROCERIES, which they offer for sale, on accommodating terms. Also, on hand, 3000 pounds prime Old Cheese.

DICKEY & CAROTHERS.

N. B. The highest price, in cash or groceries, will be paid for all kinds of country produce.

July 10.—tf

TO PRINTERS.

FOR SALE, at a considerably reduced price, two first rate iron PRINTING PRESSES, Smith's patent, manufactured by Hoe & Company, New York: medium and a half size. They have been in use long enough to test their excellence, and have had all those parts which were originally defective, renewed with the best materials. They are considered decidedly preferable to new ones, and have every thing complete for working, which will be sold with the presses.

Apply to JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
44 *Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.*

Oct. 16.—1mo

INTELLIGENCE
And General Agency Office,

FOR FRENCH, GERMAN, IRISH, AND ALL OTHER EMIGRANTS ARRIVING AT THIS PORT,

IS now opened, at the corner of Pratt street Bridge, by FREDERICK PAUER, who will procure situations for Mechanics, Laborers, Servants, Gardeners, Bar-keepers, Clerks, and every other situation to be had in this city and adjacent country.

Gentlemen wanting servants, master mechanics who may need workmen of all branches, merchants requiring porters and clerks, in short, those who may wish to employ persons to discharge the duties of any and every avocation, will find it their interest to favor this office with their patronage.

Those desirous to sell or rent Lands and Houses, in the States of Maryland and Pennsylvania, will have their favors punctually and strictly attended to, as this office will afford every facility in effecting the same to great advantage.

All other Agency business will be transacted, on *moderate terms*, at this office, as well as information furnished to persons at a distance, on all subjects, by letter, or otherwise. Emigrants, arriving at this port, will be furnished with every necessary information and advice in the transaction of business.

For character, &c., Mr. Pauer refers to C. W. Karthaus & Co.

Baltimore, Oct. 6, 1832. [Oct. 19.—5t]

JOURNAL OF THE FRANKLIN INSTITUTE,

Vol. X.—No. III.—For September, 1832.

CONTENTS.—Invention and Progress of Medal Ruling, (with a specimen;) Substitute for the Lewis in Raising Heavy Stones.

Franklin Institute.—On the Strength of Steam Boilers, by W. R. Johnson, read before the Institute.

American Patents.—List of Patents for March, with Remarks by the Editor.

Analysis, &c.—Report on Steam Carriages in Great Britain.

Translations.—Bleaching Effects of Chlorine; Ordinances of France respecting Steam Boats; Indelible Inks for Writing on Paper; on Paper to prevent the Removal of Writing; Sulphate of Copper in Bread.

Selections.—Experiments on Disc Valves; Working Iron and Steel; on Fixing Lightning Conductors in Ships; Report on the State of the London Bridge; Heating by Hot Water, Hot Air, and Steam, compared; Transferring Prints from Paper to Wood; New Lamp; Bone Dust as Manure; Analysis of Maillechort; Expansion of Iron Pipes by Heat; Meterological Table, for July.

☞ Subscriptions received by

D. M. HOGAN,
October 19. 73 Wood street.

Read This!

THE Proprietor of a large Body of land in the West, and in a very healthy region of country, wishing to settle it, would give one or more persons, of respectable character, skilled in farming, and particularly in grazing all kinds of Cattle and Sheep, very advantageous terms to act as agents, and partners in a joint Grazing, and perhaps Milling concern, for which the property is peculiarly adapted, affording a rich and extensive range, a good market, available Water Power, and an abundance of Stone Coal. None but those who can produce undeniable testimonials to their character and qualifications need apply; but it is believed that any person, qualified as above, and making early application, *in person*, if practicable, at the office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, will have it in his power to enter upon a business of certain and great profit to the enterprising.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 16, 1832.—tf.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY
OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 22, for 1832: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 3d November, 1832. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Sixty-Six Number Lottery—Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000 is	$30,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
1	3,000	3,000
1	2,704	2,704
30	1,000	30,000
30	500	15,000
65	200	13,000
56	100	5,600
56	70	3,920
56	60	3,360
56	50	2,800
112	40	4,480
2184	24	52,416
15400	12	184,800
45760 tickets.		$366,080

Tickets,	$10 00	Halves,	$5 00
Quarters,	2 50	Eighths,	1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

JOHN SIBBET,
At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000 and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.

Oct. 23, 1832.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,
march 22, 1831.—tf Front street.

WONDER OF THE WORLD!

BEAUTIES OF MECHANISM,
TERMED THE HALL OF INDUSTRY

THE citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully informed that *Messrs. Letton & Co.* have arrived in this place from New York, with their useful and wonderful novelty, consisting of three Manufactories for Cotton and Woolen Cloths and Cards, in full operation, moved altogether by the power of Dogs. It will be exhibited for a time at the PENNSYLVANIA MUSEUM, South West corner of Market and Fourth streets.

Hours of exhibition, from 9 o'clock, A. M. to 12 o'clock, M., and from 3 to 5, and from 6 till 10, P. M. Admittance, 25 cents.

October 9.

SALT.

A LARGE supply of Conemaugh and Kiskeminitas SALT, of best quality, constantly on hand, and for sale at the Basin, or at our Warehouse, No. 39 Water street.

McKEE, CLARKE & Co.

Oct. 19.—1mo

DENTIST.

DOCTOR E. MERRITT'S OFFICE—No. 78 Liberty Street, corner of Evans' Alley.

P. S. Dentists can be furnished with his beautiful Porcelain Teeth. Oct. 12, 1832.—tf

POETRY.

From the United States Gazette.

THE CONQUEROR'S FALL.

Down, down with the victor who lives to forget
That his honor may yield to a tarnish'd renown,
That the star of his glory in darkness may set,
And his name as a bye-word unhonor'd go down.
Who deems that his fame
Is a shield to withstand,
Sans blemish or blame,
The proud rights of his land;
And would blight the green laurels his valor hath gain'd,
Leave Liberty wrong'd, and his memory stain'd.

Down, down with the victor who dares to defy
The safeguard of Freedom, the voice of her laws—
For whose triumph his fathers exulted to die,
And conquering, challeng'd the world for applause;
And rear in his stead,
From the wise and the true,
A name, that shall shed
O'er Columbia anew,
That lustre that brighten'd and blest her repose,
In the conqueror's star the ascendent arose.

Down, down with the victor, whose name, though it stand
By the deeds of his valor endeared to the brave,
Hath perill'd the honor of Liberty's land,
And sullied the trophies that victory gave;
Who approvingly smiles
On a parasite clan,
And yields to their wiles,
The stern vows of the man;
And untrue to his country, and false to his fame,
To faction unites the renown of his name.

Down, down with the victor, whose arm would consign
The country to discord he bled to sustain;
And leave her a beacon to warn and to shine,
And no hope from the night of oppression remain.
Let him fall as he rose,
By the voice of the free;
And in future repose,
Let his epitaph be— [well!'
He war'd, and he conquer'd—Fame answer'd, "tis
He aspir'd, and rul'd—he usurp'd, and he fell.
BUNKER'S BARD.

Phila., Oct. 24., 1832.

POLITICAL.

From the United States Gazette, October 27.

At a meeting of the Democratic Anti-Jackson Committee of the city of Philadelphia, friendly to the present administration of the state government, the following correspondence with Samuel D. Ingham, was produced and read.

The meeting, believing that the opinions of a man who has so often ably and usefully served his country in various high stations, and who has had the best opportunities to know the qualifications of General Jackson, are entitled to the highest respect, and will be so received by his republican brethren.

Resolved, That the Correspondence be published, and extensively circulated.

An attempt may possibly be made to lessen the influence of Mr. Ingham's decisive and manly letter, by attributing to him a feeling of disappointment and irritation at his removal from office. But this cannot avail. The *mode* of his removal was all that an honest man could desire, for it was accompanied by the strongest testimonials to his conduct as an officer. It acknowledged that he had faithfully served the public—though as a man, a republican, and a Pennsylvanian, he had refused to degrade himself and dishonor his native State, by submitting the government of his social relations to any dictation whatever. And, as to his removal itself, it will be remembered, that he was offered the Mission to Russia, an appointment equal in rank and superior in emolument, to that which he had held. He rejected it without hesitation. He saw the folly and wickedness which pervaded the schemes of the Executive. He foresaw the dangers which threatened the constitution and the country; and he determined to place himself again among his countrymen in private life, whence he could address to them his warning voice. That voice now speaks to them under the dictation of solemn and imperious duty.

Extract from the minutes.

ALEXANDER COOK, Chairman.
JAMES GOWEN, Sec'y.

PHILADELPHIA, 20th Oct., 1832.

Dear Sir—The adoption of the electoral ticket pledged to support Mr. Wirt by the Nationals, presents a position in the politics of Pennsylvania somewhat unexpected. Many of us heretofore contended against Jacksonism with no other definite object, than to evince our determination not to sanction any of the multiplied abuses which Gen. Jackson has committed, and to be prepared to oppose, with the best effect, a repetition of them hereafter; but the adoption of a single anti-Jackson ticket shows the possibility of at once putting an end to his misrule. Until now there was no motive for concert, and the opinions of those who have supported the election of Governor Wolf, and who remain uncommitted as to either of the candidates opposed to General Jackson, may be so various as to require some effort to concentrate them. In order to promote that object, it has been thought advisable to open a correspondence with some of our country friends, and I have been desired to request your views of the course which, in your judgment, the duty of our country requires us to pursue in the present juncture. I am sure you will not hesitate to comply, and beg the favor of you to give me an early answer, with permission, if thought advisable by our friends here, to publish it.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.

JAMES GOWEN.

HON. SAMUEL D. INGHAM.

GREAT SPRING, Oct. 23d, 1832.

My Dear Sir—I have received your favor of the 20th inst., requesting my views of the course which duty to the country requires of those who are opposed to the re-election of Gen. Jackson, and who are unpledged to either of the other candidates. Permit me to observe, in the first instance, that while I duly appreciate this mark of the regard of those friends who have proposed this inquiry, I cannot persuade myself that any opinions of mine can be of sufficient importance for the use you intimate a wish to make of them. Be this as it may, as I have never concealed my opinions on public affairs, nor hesitated to do what duty appeared to dictate, nor for a moment calculated the effect of any such determination upon my personal interests, and am now too old to assume a new character, I will cheerfully comply with your request. You must not expect, however, a statement of all the reasons which have satisfied me that Gen. Jackson is unworthy of the station he now occupies. It would require a volume to contain them, with the necessary proofs: there is, moreover, no time now for that calm and deliberate scrutiny which is indispensable to the proper investigation of new matter. When I recur to the reluctance with which I was obliged, by a succession of facts, to change my opinion of the capacity and integrity of General Jackson, and remember how much I struggled to resist the evidence of my own senses, when they testified against him:—when I consider how small a portion of the characterizing incidents which I have seen are known to the American people, and with what obstinate determination a great portion of the conductors of the public presses have concealed or perverted the truth in relation to his various reprehensible acts, which were before the public; when I contemplate the force of party discipline in maintaining whatever position may be assigned to it by the interested few, whether for good or evil, I feel bound to indulge much charity for the lingering delusion which still cherishes Jacksonism. But knowing General Jackson as I do in his various relations of life, probably better than any of my fellow citizens of Pennsylvania, I could find no apology to them, much less to my own conscience, for hesitating to oppose his re-election. I could not do it without resisting the clearest conviction of my judgment upon a question involving the highest interests of the country.

The lights which I have had, compel me to know that he has no vestige of Democratic principle in his constitution, and, lamentable to relate, that he is in heart a dishonest and corrupt man. I make this charge upon full consideration of its responsibility, and of its merited effect, if untrue, on my own reputation, when I shall be mingled with the dust. Resting upon a consciousness of *truth*, which, when incredulity shall be no longer nourished by interest, must be believed, I can have little personal anxiety for the judgment of the present moment.

But there is no occasion for recurring to any other facts for a sufficient knowledge of Gen. Jackson's character, than those which are now beyond the reach or denial or doubt.

Has he not notoriously violated every pledge under which he came into power? I need not enumerate these: they are familiar to all.

Has he not, in defiance of the clear letter of the constitution, appointed officers in opposition to the declared will of the Senate?

Has he not usurped the power of the Supreme Court in assuming, as an executive prerogative, to give Judicial constructions of the constitution and laws?

Has he not usurped the power of signing an act of Congress with "*a conditional approval.*"

Has he not, in violation of his oath to support the constitution, refused to execute the laws?

Has he not assailed, in fireside calumnies, the honor and integrity of the Supreme Court, and of the representatives of the states and the people, in the co-ordinate branches of the national legislature?

Nay, has he not openly defended and justified a resort to violence and force against the representatives of the people, in order to deter them from scrutinizing his own acts?

Has he not, in contempt of the great fundamental principles of our republican system, imperiously nominated his successors, and employed the whole patronage and public disbursements of the Government within his control, to promote that object?

And will not a re-election of Gen. Jackson be deemed by all the world a popular sanction of these usurpations and corruptions?

Do not the people of this nation claim to have been specially constituted under a beneficent Providence, the jealous guardians of civil liberty, for the whole human family? and will they, with such a trust in their hands, servilely sanction the acts of a chief magistrate, who, assuming to be "born to command," thus wantonly tramples upon the constitution and laws, and openly employs the people's money to corrupt their morals, that he may secure the appointment of his successor!

The Holy Alliance of Despots against civil Liberty, would behold with intense delight such an evidence of our degeneracy, and discern in it a joyful presage of the early decay of our system. That there is a lamentable demoralization in the public mind is but too clear—Acts which would once have shocked the moral sense of the whole community, and electrified popular sensibilities throughout the nation, appear scarcely to be thought worthy of notice. Even the keen vision of partisan opposition is seemingly so clouded by conscious impurity, that it cannot realise the nature and alarming consequence of gross and palpable depravity in public functionaries. The crisis is pregnant with the destinies of our country; all that is now done must be recorded in history, and the present generation will either merit the gratitude or imprecations of posterity.

In this glance I have overlooked the minor objections to Gen. Jackson, growing out of his disregard for the interests and feelings of the state to which he owes his election. The legislature of Pennsylvania have with great unanimity, at two successive sessions, earnestly recommended the re chartering of the United States Bank, and our representatives in Congress and Senators, with like unanimity supported that measure; but Gen. Jackson, by an exertion of power scarcely deigned to the monarchs of Europe, has forbidden the passage of the law. All those who calmly consider and can duly appreciate the immense benefits which that institution dispenses, must, I think, be convinced that in this act alone he has justly forfeited all claim to the confidence of the people of this state.

The Bank has purified one of the worst currencies that ever infested any country or people. It consisted of mere paper of no definite value, accompanied by worthless tickets issued from broken banks, petty incorporations and partnerships, in almost every village. Instead of this, the United States Bank has given us the best currency known among nations. It supplies a medium equal in value to gold and silver, in every part of the Union. It preserves with a steady and unerring power an uniform and equal value in the paper of the local banks; gives stability and certainty to the value of all property, and to the incalculable benefit of internal commerce; it maintains domestic exchanges, at a less premium than it would cost to transport specie; and enables the government to transmit its funds from one extremity of the Union to an other, without cost, without risk, without pressure upon the section from which they are withdrawn, and with a despatch which is more like magic than reality. Yet Gen. Jackson would destroy this institution, and expose the country to all the evils from which it has so happily but just recovered! And wherefore? His reasons render the act much worse than it could have been without any.

Let us for a moment examine those on which he chiefly relies.

"The bill to re-charter the Bank," says he, "is unconstitutional, not because Congress is not vested with power to make a bank, (for he recommends a Treasury Bank,) but because every provision in the bill was not indispensible to its main object."

Thus profoundly construing the constitution as granting powers, whose limits depended exclusively upon Presidential notions of their expediency. The same reasoning might have taught him it was unconstitutional to hang a Mail Robber, because such an execution was not indispensible to the power "to establish Post Offices and Post Roads."

Another reason is, that Congress did not drive a better bargain with the stockholders; as though a larger bonus, *though not indispensible to the banking power*, might have weakened his constitutional scruples.

But the object most relied upon is, that Foreigners have invested their money in the Bank:

Gen. Jackson appears not to have known that those governments which best protect their people's property, acquire the confidence of foreign capitalists, who are seeking investments for their funds, and that such has been the confidence in our general government, as well as those of the states, that foreigners have freely loaned their money, by investing it in stocks of the United States, of the several states, and also in those of their respective banks, as well as to the various companies engaged in public improvements: nor has he realized, that the effect of these loans is to furnish capitals at lower rates of interest than it could otherwise be had for, to promote our improvements in the arts, and the extension of our agriculture and commerce. It is plain to the simplest understanding, that if Gen. Jackson's doctrine in the Veto Message on the Bank bill be true, we ought to expunge off our loans, demolish our public works, and abandon all the improvements in which foreign capital is employed—lest the foreign capitalists who have thus committed their money to our care, to be increased or diminished, as our country thrives or languishes, should exert an influence dangerous to its prosperity!! In pursuance of the same doctrine he gravely asserts, that the western states are injured by paying interest to the United States Bank, from which he would relieve them, by compelling the bank to demand the principal!! Whereby, about thirty millions of dollars, loaned at six per cent, would be withdrawn from active and profitable employment, where capital is in such demand, that money is worth more than ten per cent., and well secured loans by individuals, are now made at rates of interest too enormous to be credibly stated.

I have given you this hasty sketch of General Jackson's conduct and character, that you may perceive how much I deprecate a popular sanction of his acts, how deeply I deplore the evils which his re-election must fix upon our country, and how imposing I regard the obligation which urges every patriot to sacrifice minor considerations to the fulfilment of the high duty now presented. While there were two candidates sustained in opposition to Gen. Jackson, there was no motive to weigh the considerations which might enter into an alternate choice; but the adoption of the Wirt ticket, by the Convention which lately met at Harrisburgh, presents, as you observe, a new position, which demonstrates the possibility of putting an end to the misrule of which we complain. I am perfectly satisfied, therefore, that duty to the country requires of all its friends, who can realize the dangers which threaten it, to exert, by fair and honorable means, their most effective power to avert them. The objection to Mr. Wirt can weigh but as a feather against those which demand the overthrow of Jacksonism. He possesses high intellectual endowments, is intimately conversant with the Constitution, laws, and operations of the government, and sustains a reputation without blemish in every walk of life.

Mr. Ellmaker is also a man of high character for talent and integrity. The Government cannot but be safe in the hands of such a Chief Magistrate as Mr. Wirt. But it will be said, that he is an Anti-Mason, and is virtually pledged to all the proscriptive doctrines of that party. To this it may be replied, that he is not trammelled by such a pledge; and if he were, we know that all political associations are proscriptive. They give public employments to none but their own sect. But if this policy be justly odious, why shall we imitate it? And more especially, is it not wise to give an example of relaxing the rigor of party proscriptions, when, through the blind zeal of party discipline, stimulated by the too common propensity for man worship, we find our republican system on the verge of a fearful precipice? There are seasons in the affairs of nations, when it becomes necessary to recur to first principles for the test of duty. Devotion to our country, aided by ordinary lights and careful scrutiny, cannot fail to guide and guard us in our course.

The present juncture eminently demands the sacrifice of all prejudice to the public good. We must expect to be proscribed by the infatuated devotees of Gen. Jackson. But it will soon be discovered, that all those who refuse to support for the Vice Presidency his designated successor, are under the ban of proscription, by the powers at Washington, not less vigorous and vindictive than that which is now enforced against the open antagonists of Jacksonism. It is a waste of time, however, now to scrutinize the propriety of a proscriptive policy. The existing struggle presents objects of infinitely higher moment than a scramble for office. *The national character must be disabused of its imputed degeneracy, and the corruptions which announce the near approach of* TYRANNY *must be purged from our system.* When the general watch-word shall be, *Our Country*, AND NOTHING BUT OUR COUNTRY! *all will soon be well.*

Very respectfully, yours, &c.

SAM'L D. INGHAM.

JAMES GOWEN, Esq.

From the Harrisburgh Intelligencer.

'GLORY ENOUGH FOR ONE DAY.'

This state, that gave in 1828 a majority of 50,000 for Jackson, has at the late election given a good earnest of what she will do the 2d day of November next. The 9th day of October will be remembered as a proud day for Pennsylvania.

The following are the Congress men which have been elected in this state to take their seats on the fourth of March next. We have put the number of votes which each successful candidate has received, together with the majority, in opposite columns. The result is most gratifying to our friends throughout this state. It shows that on the Congressional tickets there is a decided majority against Jackson. In the county of Allegheny alone, Denny's majority exceeded Ritner's by about 1,000 votes. In Washington also, our Congress man was more than 500 ahead of our Governor. In Fayette, Andrew Stewart's vote exceeded Ritner's by more than 800. These counties are but a specimen of the whole West. Let the reader look at the following:

ANTI-JACKSON.

Elected.	*Votes rec'd.*	*Majority.*
Horace Binney	5,364	1,768
James Harper	4,104	1,912
John G. Watmough	4,041	1,783
William Hiester	11,411	3,282
William Darlington	11,403	3,303
David Potts, Jr.	11,383	3,298
William Clark	4,088	1,439
Harmar Denny	3,922	1,438
George Chambers	4,168	836
T. M. T. M'Kennan	3,113	680
John Banks	2,977	202
Andrew Stewart	3,450	258
Charles A. Barnitz	2,447	177
		20,559

JACKSON.

Joel B. Sutherland	2,336	450
Jesse Miller	4,004	565
Joseph B. Anthony	4,791	1,343
Henry Muhlenburg	4,009	913
Joel K. Mann	3,140	520
Robert Ramsey	2,681	327
David D. Wagener	2,855	1,546
Henry King	3,065	501
Andrew Beaumont	2,099	88
John Laporte		1,019
Joseph Henderson	4,431	401
George Burd		281
John Galbraith		798
Benjamin S. Harrison	3,596	1,327
		10,120

In addition to the above, *Richard Coulter* has been elected in the district composed of the counties of Westmoreland and Indiana, without opposition. Mr. Coulter's district gave 1,696 majority to Governor Wolf, which is about twice the Jackson majority in the district. Deduct this, however, from the Anti-Jackson majority, and it will be seen that the people have polled, on the Congressional tickets, more than EIGHT THOUSAND MAJORITY AGAINST JACKSON at the late election. It will be seen that we have put to the side of Jackson, the votes given to Robert Ramsey and Joel B. Sutherland, when it is known that no men are more opposed to his administration. Mr. Ramsey is the particular friend of Samuel D. Ingham, and Joel B. Sutherland was the Anti-Jackson candidate for speaker at the last session of Congress. The late election is a decided triumph over Jacksonism, and the friends of Jackson in this state confess that they are beaten.

New Jersey.—Extract of a letter to the editor of the United States' Gazette, dated Trenton, Oct. 23, 1832.—'The Legislature of New Jersey convened this day at 3 o'clock. A quorum of both houses appearing, they were respectively organized: Council, by the unanimous appointment of the Honorable Elias P. Seely, of Cumberland, as Vice President: and the Assembly, by the unanimous appointment of the Honorable John P. Jackson, of Essex, as their Speaker; both decided National Republicans.

The state of parties here is as follows—National Republicans 41; Jackson 21; doubtful 2.

The best feelings exist among the dominant party, and they will undoubtedly elect a National Republican Senator, and make the principal State appointments from the same party. New Jersey is erect, and will assuredly give her electoral vote for Clay and Sergeant, by an overwhelming majority.'

John I. Mumford, the editor of the New York Standard is now in Harrisburgh, and is probably an emissary from Martin Van Buren to close the bargain, probably made by "*Spoil Marcy*," last summer, for the purchase of the electoral vote of this state, IF, *by chance, the Jackson electors should* be chosen. Wilkins is to resign after the electors are chosen.—The people of Pennsylvania will not consent to the transfer—Mark the result of the election on the second of November.—*Harrisburgh Intel.*

The United States' Bank is pronounced an aristocratical, corrupt, foreign institution, dangerous alike to the prosperity of the country, and the liberties of the people: and General Jackson is extolled for his pure patriotism and enterprising moral courage, in arresting, by his veto, this scourge and curse of the land. If all this be true, it affords an irresistible reason for the dismissal of General Smith, Mr. Dallas, and other Jackson Senators, whose terms expire with the next session—and of course there can be no complaint from the Jackson party at such removals.

Judging from the Jackson papers, we should believe that every member of Congress, and every editor who supports the Bank, has been bribed by it. Will the Republican assert that Gen. Smith received from the Bank the price of his vote; and that Mr. Dallas, and other Jackson Senators and Members of the House, who voted for the renewal of the charter, were paid by the bank? If not, how dare the charge be made against Mr. Clay, Mr. Webster, &c.? The votes of the Jackson Senators were of equal service to the Bank with those of the opposite party; and, if bribery had been necessary, there was greater cause to resort to the partisans of General Jackson (whose hostility to the institution was known) than to the opposition members. The truth is, the whole charge of bribery is a disgraceful fabrication, destined to live its day, and then sink with contempt into oblivion.—*Balt. Chron.*

Wholesale Emigration.—The Stuttgard University Gazette, of September 2d, announces that a plan is in progress in the Southwest of Germany, to make up a State and ship it over to the United States, to become a twenty-fifth member of the Confederacy. The following notice of the project appears in that publication:—

"According to the accounts from the south west of Germany, a society of liberal men are organizing a grand plan for emigration to North America. The emigration has hitherto been precarious, because it did not rest on any solid foundation, and because the means were not concentrated. But now it is different, as the object is to form a *New Germany* beyond the ocean, which is to receive all those whose hopes and claims to liberty and right are disappointed in Old Germany. In order to be admitted into the Confederation of the U. States of America, the law requires the number of free inhabitants, above 25 years of age, to be 60,000, [40,000 without distinction of age—Eds. J. C.] and this number is to be assembled before any further measures can be taken. Many of the Germans, established in North America, will join their countrymen; and the plan is so popular in Germany that scarcely any doubts are entertained of its being successful."

Extract from the Paris Correspondent of the New York Enquirer.

"It will perhaps be interesting to some of your readers to know that one of the most eminent of our men of letters, M. Mignet, one of the editors of the National, at the period of the revolution, and since in the employment of the Minister for Foreign Affairs with the rank of Counsellor of State, has for some time been employed in collecting materials for that great desideratum in modern literature, a History of the Reformation. He has, I understand, been highly successful at Geneva, where he has obtained access to the manuscript remains of the austere founder of the sect which bears his name. The inedited manuscripts of Calvin, the great Genevese reformer, as well as those of Theodore Beza, are, it seems, in excellent preservation; and, in addition to these, which are probably most important, the whole collection in the archives of the town has been freely thrown open to M. Mignet, who, although not animated by the Presbyterian zeal of a M'Crie, in the recording all that is memorable in the lives and opinions of a Knox and a Melville, will doubtless bring to the task an ardent spirit of research, and a degree of acumen, fidelity, and diligence which will go far to qualify him for the discharge of the ambitious task he has undertaken—of becoming the historian of the Reformation."

Sandwich Islands.—The population of these Islands is estimated at 185,000 souls; more than one quarter of whom are under instruction. The number of schools and scholars in the Islands is as follows:—

	Schools.	*Scholars.*
Hawaii	338	20,396
Mani	274	11,170
Molakai	31	1,426
Lanai	9	522
Kahoolawe	1	32
Oahu	250	10,339
Raui	200	9,000
	1,103	52,882

The greater part of the New Testament, and a considerable portion of the Old, have been translated and published in the language of the Islands. Also a Hymn Book, and various other elementary and other books. The whole number of copies printed is about 556,000, comprising 21,031,380 pages. Churches have been erected in different parts of the Islands, some of which are generally attended on the Sabbath by congregations of more than 3000 persons. The whole number of native church members is about 550, nearly 400 of whom were added during the years embraced in this Report.

New York Canal Revenue.—The tolls collected on the state canals for the month of September, amount to $148,282. In the same month last year the amount collected was $141,095. The increase of tolls for the month is $7,187. The duties on salt for the month of September last, amount to $32,178. Increase from last year, $3,952. Total increase of the canal revenues for the month of September, as compared with last year, $11,139. —*Argus.*

Caution to Witnesses.—At the late Circuit, in Queens county, an action was tried, in which John Pelletreau was plaintiff, and C. C. Moore defendant, for damages sustained by the plaintiff in consequence of the defendant's not having appeared as a witness in a case pending between the plaintiff and C. R. Colden, at a Circuit Court held at Troy, in March last. The defendant had been supœnaed, and was a very material witness for the plaintiff in the action, and in consequence of his absence, the damages obtained were alleged to have been much smaller than they would have otherwise been. Several points were made on the trial, of no particular interest to the public; and we advert to the case only as a warning to witnesses of the consequences of disobeying legal process. The defendant undertook to prove sickness as an excuse for his absence, but the weight of evidence being against him, the jury, after a clear and impartial charge by Judge Edwards, returned into court with a verdict for the plaintiff of $1457 damages, and costs of suit.—*N. Y. Courier.*

PITTSBURGH PRICES CURRENT.—

Corrected weekly by Riddle, Forsyth & Co.

pot,	lb. 5 a5½	Steel, co. lb	7a8†
pearl,	7	sad irons	6†
Ashes, sc. salts	3¼	Lead, in pigs	6½§
black salts	4†	in bars	7§
Axes, doz.	$14 a 16†	white, in kegs	$8†
Augers, qr.	6†	dry, lb.	12½†
Alum, lb.	6	Shot, all sizes,	7†
Bacon, lb.	5½†	Leather, sole,	25§
Butter, keg,	8½†	upper, doz.	$28a30†
Bags, 3 bu. tw.	45 a 50†	calf skins,	20 a 24§
Beans, sh. bush.	75§	Lard,	9½§
Blscuit, sea, b.	3 50 a 4†	Logwood,	2¼†
w. crack. bbl.	$4 75†	Molasses,	37§
Beer,	3 †	Nails, Jun. bra.	10d 5½§
Coals, bush.	4½†		8d 5½§
Candles, lb.	10		6d 6½§
Copperas	2½a3†		4d 7½§
Cheese	5½†	other	7 §
Cordage, Ky.	8 a 11§	Oil, flaxseed, gal.	$1 25§
Irwin's	9 a 15	tanners', bbl.	$20 a 21†
Coffee, g.in bgs	15a16	Onions, bushl.	$ 1§
Cotton Wool	9a11§	Paper	
Cassinets,	40 a110†	cap, No. 1 rm.	$3½†
Cotton Goods,		No. 2,	2½†
3-4 Plaids, n. 1. y.	11a12†	No. 3,	2¼†
4-4 Checks	13 a 21†	letter	2 50 a 4†
3-4 Stripes	17†	crown wrap.	$1 25
Cot. yarns, lb.	No. 5, 25§	medium do.	$1 75a2†
Flour, bbl.	$5 *	paper hang's p.	37a35
Feathers	35a36§	Pork, fresh lb.	3½ a 4
Flax, scutched, lb.	6½a7†	pkd. mess, bbl.	none
hatcheled,	9a10½*	prime,	do.
Flannels, cy.	4-4 40a50*	Potatoes, bush.	60§
Fish—bbl.		Rags, Ohio,	5
New herring,	$9§	do. K'y.	4½§
shad,	12½§	Sugar, N.O.lo.	6a7½
mack'l.	6a9†	country,	7§
Grain, wheat, bu.	65†	lump,	13 a 14†
barley	45†	loaf,	14 a 17†
rye	43†	Salt,	$1 90 §
corn	37§	Soap, lb.	5 a 8†
Glass, 8 by 10, box	$3¾a4†	Sifters—doz.	
10 by 12,	$4¾a5†	wire No. 14, 16,	$5
12 by 18,	$9 00†	Spades & shovels	$8
Bottles, porter groce	9†	Tobacco	
gallon doz.	2¼†	keg, lb.	5 a 10cts†
½ do.	1¼†	leaf,	2a3¾†
¼ do.	87½cts†	Tallow, rendered	8†
pint	62½†	rough	6†
Gunpowder, keg	$5¼ a6†	Tea. Y.H. lb.	90a$1 6*
Hemp, ton	$118§	H. skin,	70 a 75§
Hides, Span. lb	12a13†	imperial,	1 25§
green	5§	Wax. bees'	18*
Indigo, Span lb.	150	Wool,	25*
Bengal,	200†	Wool hats, doz.	$5½a6½§
Iron, b. Jun. t.	$100*	Whisk. o. gall.	35a40ct
Blooms, Jun.	$80*	new	27†
rolled	100*	Vices, bright	12½†
sheet, cwt	9*	black	9½ a 10†
pig, ton	$ 38§	4-4 br. Sheetg.	11 a 12†

REMARKS—" demand; § scarce; † plenty.

COMMISSION LEATHER WAREHOUSE
AND CAP MANUFACTORY.

JOHN BLAIR respectfully informs the public, that he has commenced the above business, in No. 20, Wood street, in the Store formerly occupied by Messrs. Howard & Rodgers, where he is manufacturing all descriptions of Mens' and Youths' Cloth, Leather, and Fur Caps, made of the best materials, and well adapted for Merchants and others, and sold cheaper than at any other establishment in the United States, for good payments, and forwarded to all parts of the country.

N. B.—All Leather consigned to his care will be duly attended to, and he hopes, by his assiduity and attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

☞ *Wanted*—a few young women who can sew well, will obtain employment at the above business.

Pittsburgh, August 28, 1832.—w3mis.

Patent Blacksmith Vices,
AND LARGE SCREWS.

THE subscribers have the pleasure of informing their friends and the public, that, in addition to the manufacturing of Patent Vices, they have commenced the manufacture of Large Screws, of every description, and are ready to fill all orders for either article, on short notice.—They will, also, furnish Mill Irons to order.

All orders, Screws for Tobacco Presses, Mill Screws, Rolling Mills, &c., &c., will be promptly attended to, if left at John Irwin's Rope Warehouse, corner of Fourth and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, at Cochran & Irwin's, No. 108, Second street, or at their shop, in Allegheny town, near S. Lothrop & Co's Rolling Mill.

Aug. 24.—iwtf. A. LAMONT & CO.

Pittsburgh Seminary
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
South East Corner of Grant & Second Sts.

THE want of a permanent institution, located in the city, in which females should receive a useful and finished education, seems long to have been deeply felt by the inhabitants of this flourishing and wealthy city.

From the frequent and earnest solicitations of her friends, Miss Parry has, at length, undertaken to establish and carry into effective operation an Institution calculated, not only to supply the deficiency for which it is more immediately intended, but to offer such advantages as may render it worthy the patronage of the intelligent citizens of neigboring places.

The object of this seminary is to inculcate sound principles, inform the mind, refine the taste, and form the character; to effect this, there will be a strict and well-ordered system of government as well as of instruction: for little can be accomplished in the great business of education without efficient regulations and good order.

The building is spacious and handsomely situated in the most elevated and healthy part of the city, commanding a fine view of the Monongahela, and the adjacent hills. It is sufficiently central for the convenience of day scholars, and yet retired from the noise of business.

In the English department the branches are Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Composition, Geography, and Astronomy, with the use of the Globes, History, Chronology, Botany, Chymistry, Rhetoric, Natural and Moral Philosophy.

English branches,	$8 00 per qr.
(Each qr. to consist of 12 weeks.)	
Music,	10 00
French,	8 00
Drawing in pencil, crayon, and water colors,	8 00
Oil Painting,	10 00

Boarding and tuition, including all the branches, two hundred dollars per annum. Each pupil must be supplied, by the parent or guardian, with a mattress, bedding, towels, combs, brushes, soap, and silver cup, table and tea spoon, with the initials of the name engraved on each. Each pupil required to repair and keep her own clothes in good order. Washing, stationery, &c. are extras. No charge made for the summer vacation, commencing on the twenty-third of July, and terminating on the thirty-first of August. No pupil engaged for a shorter period than two quarters; first quarter to be paid in advance. One month's notice to be given previous to withdrawing a pupil.

The Rev. Dr. Bruce, President of the Western University, and Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in that Institution, will give lectures on Astronomy. Competent masters are engaged for the different branches.

REFERENCES.—Rev. Robert Bruce, D. D.
Rev. G. Upfold, D. D.
Rev. C. Avery,
Dr. P. Mowry,
J. M. Snowden,
H. Holdship,
J. D. Davis,
N. B. Craig,
Hon. H. Denny.

Feb. 7.—tf.

JSHIDLE, Manufacturer of Paper Hangings has removed to St. Clair street, near the Allegheny Bridge. march 9—tf.

DR. HEINZELMAN'S
Late Improved Truss.

THOSE laboring under the distressing and dangerous disease Hernia, (Rupture,) are respectfully informed that the above improved Gum Elastic Pad Truss, for which there has been letters patent granted by the President of the U. States, exceeds every instrument of the kind heretofore offered to the public. The high commendations already bestowed, and universal satisfaction given to those afflicted, affords the fullest proof to those wishing effectual and certain remedy for the same, adapted to the different species of this disease, to which male, female, and children are subject.

As regards the true surgical principles of a proper constructed Truss for the radical cure of Hernia, together with cleanliness (as it can be re-covered by the patient himself with a piece of silk or linen) and durability with elegance of execution, he feels satisfied of rendering general benefit to the afflicted, as the correctness upon which it is constructed being abundantly tested by experience, having also submitted the above instrument to the inspection of several medical gentlemen of great experience and character, all of whom concur in forming an exceedingly favorable opinion of the simplicity of construction and limited motion, graduated to the different attitudes and permanency of location on the body, as the central elastic projection on the concave disk of the pad, as well as its vertical spiral spring appearing to them an improvement that will be found valuable in the management of Hernia, and cannot fail to meet with the approbation of the profession.

Among those, he takes pleasure in referring to
G. McCLELLAN, M. D.
Professor of Surgery in Jef. Med. Col. Phila.
J. EBERLE, M. D.
Professor in the Ohio Medical College, [Cincinnati,] late of Philadelphia.
E. P. ATLEE, M. D.
G. F. KLINGEL, M. D.
C. NOBLE, M. D.
H. KLAPP, M. D.
J. UHLER, M. D.
E. BUCK, M. D.
Members of the Philadelphia Medical Society.

☞ For sale at the Proprietor's price, by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., No. 42 Market street.

October 5.—w5t.

Watches, Jewelry & Silver Ware

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has now on hand a large and elegant assortment of *Gold and Silver, Patent Lever, Repeating, Alarm, Lapine, and English WATCHES; Gold Chains, Seals, and Keys; Jet and Filagree Ear Rings; Finger Rings, Breast Pins, Shirt Studs, Gold and Bead Guards, Ever Pointed Pencils, fine Pen Knives, Razors, and Scissors.*

Also—Silver Table, Dessert, and Tea Spoons; Sugar and Cream Ladles; Silver Plated Castors; Fruit Baskets; Candle Sticks; Snuffers and Trays—all of which will be sold on the lowest terms, Wholesale or Retail. JOHN WALLACE.

N. B.—Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange.

☞ Watches and Clocks repaired, as usual, in the best manner, and warranted to perform well.

September 14, 1832.—w3m

For Private Sale,

A beautifully situated Country Seat and Farm, near Zelienople, commanding an extensive view of a well cultivated valley of the Connequenessing, and several little growing villages. It contains about 300 acres, half of which are cleared and laid out in Pasture Fields and Meadows: a handsome Three Story Stone Dwelling House, finished in an elegant and comfortable manner, calculated for two genteel families. The Out Houses are Frame, consisting of a large Sheep Stable, 100 by 40 feet; a Barn, a Bathing, Wash and Smoke House, and other necessary buildings; a large Garden and Fruit-bearing Orchard behind the House; several never failing springs of the purest water; an excellent Coal Mine. The country, being elevated, is well known for its purity of atmosphere and consequent salubrity. Any gentleman or family wishing to retire from a crowded city, to enjoy the health, comforts, and beauties of a well situated Country Residence, could hardly find a more eligible location. The establishment might also be advantageously occupied as a Young Ladies' Academy. The distance from Pittsburgh is 25 miles; a line of stages passes, daily, within a short distance. Beaver, on the Ohio, is distant only ten miles. Further Particulars will be given by the subscriber, residing on the premises, or by Chas. L. Volz, Esq. Pittsburgh.

GEORGE H. MULLER.

October 12, 1832.—1m.

Cooper's New Novel.

THE HEIDENMAUER, or the Benedictines; a Legend of the Rhine: by the Author of the Spy, Red Rover, Bravo, &c.

Also, Dreams and Reveries of a Quiet Man: consisting of the Little Genius, and other Essays; By one of the Editors of the New York Mirror.

For sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co.
44 Market st. opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.
Oct. 9, 1832.—4t.

WATCHES,
Jewelry, and Silver Ware.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has lately returned from the eastern cities with a large and elegant assortment of Merchandise, in his line of business, and now offers for sale—*at No. 98 Wood street, between Diamond alley and Fifth street*—Gold and Silver, Patent Lever, Lapine, Repeating, and Plain Watches; Chains, Seals, Keys; Gold and Bead Guard Chains; Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, Shirt Studs, Table and Tea Spoons, Sugar Tongs; Soup and Cream Ladles; Gold and Silver ever pointed Pencils; Gold, Silver plated, and Steel Spectacles; fine Pen and Pocket Knives; Musical Boxes; Marble, Ebony, and Alabaster Mantel Time-pieces, of different patterns; and a great variety of Fancy Goods, which will be sold on very accommodating terms, Wholesale and Retail. J. P. BEGGS.

N. B.—The highest price given for old Gold and Silver.

Pittsburgh, August 7, 1832.—w3m

REMOVAL.

Boot and Shoe Making.

THE Subscriber gratefully acknowledges the past and numerous favors of his friends and customers, and while he solicits a continuance of their liberal support, respectfully informs them that he has removed to *No. 27 Market Street*, next door to Mr. Wallace's Silver-smith shop, and directly opposite to his former stand, where he will carry on the business of BOOT AND SHOE MAKING; and he hopes by punctuality and attention to the orders of his friends and customers, to merit and receive their favor and patronage.

N. B.—Ladies' Prunello Ware, of the best quality, will be kept constantly on hand as above.

B. PERRY,
No. 27 Market street.

Pittsburgh, April 10,

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1832

☞CHOLERA.—No case has occurred here, since our last, and Pittsburgh continues as healthy as usual.

☞*Fellow Citizens*—before you vote, this day, examine your tickets with care.—The party which resorted to perjury and forgeries, to secure the election of a Governor of a *single* State, will not hesitate to go still farther to procure the election of the President of *twenty-four States*.—We repeat, then, *examine your tickets*.

FELLOW CITIZENS—Bear in mind that this is the day on which you are to choose electors of a President and a Vice President of the United States, for four years, from the fourth of March next. Are you in favor of laws for the protection of Domestic Industry? Then come forward and give your voice against the re-election of General Jackson; because, in his Veto Message, he has denounced Tariffs as oppressive monopolies, calculated to make "the rich richer, and the poor poorer."

Are you in favor of Internal Improvements?—then come forward and register your votes against Andrew Jackson, because he has placed his *Veto* upon various bills for the improvement of our country, by canals, by turnpikes, and by slack water navigation; thus, not only depriving our country of the benefits of those bonds of union, but also cutting off from our active and enterprising contractors, opportunities for the advantageous exercise of their industry and skill.

Remember that, although Congress, at their last session, appropriated money for the improvement of the Monongahela river, from Pittsburgh to Brownsville, yet, General Jackson declared that he had *no authority* to make the improvement, and adhered to this declaration, until the result of our Inspector's elections showed that he was in danger of losing Pennsylvania.—When it was known, at Washington, that anti-Jackson Inspectors were generally elected in this state, the kitchen cabinet, for the first time, discovered that the President *had* authority to improve the Monongahela, and in October, Dr. Howard was dispatched to *commence* a survey, which should, and might have been *finished* two months before.

Are you in favor of a sound and uniform currency?—then come forward and vote against Andrew Jackson, because he is determined to prostrate the United States' Bank, which regulates the whole circulating medium of our country. If this bank is destroyed, local banks will start up in every county and state of the Union, and *rag money*, and *shin plasters* will once more overflow the country. Already has Tennessee commenced the creation of a state bank, with three branches, and as soon as it is ascertained that the United States' Bank cannot be rechartered, most of the states in the Union will follow the example of the General's own state.

Are you anxious for an equal and impartial dispensation of Justice?—then vote against General Jackson, because, during his administration, Missionaries—the innocent and unoffending preachers of the gospel—have suffered the same punishment which is inflicted upon the most atrocious burglars and horse thieves.

Do you prefer a republican government—a government in which *the many* rule—then vote against Gen. Jackson; against the man who is declared, by his partisans to have been "born to command."

Already has he declared himself independent of the Supreme Court—already has he made appointments, not only without, but *against* the advice of the Senate—already has he refused to carry into execution laws passed by *both Houses of Congress*, and *approved by himself*. We need only mention one instance—the law for the improvement of the Monongahela. It is true, that, after the *kitchen cabinet* heard the ominous sound of our Inspector's elections, they took the alarm, and directed an Engineer to *commence* a survey *two months after* it should have been *finished*.

Recollect, fellow citizens, that all this misconduct—all these high handed measures of President Jackson—occurred during his first term, and while he had the fear of an election before his eyes. What may we then expect, if he should be re-elected?

Come forward, then, every man, and give your vote.—Recollect that a *single* vote would have made a tie in General M'Arthur's District, in Ohio, and that *two votes* would have entirely changed the result of that election.

Recollect that, even if we should fail, in Pennsylvania, yet, that, every vote against Gen. Jackson in this state, will be an additional check upon his future conduct—that every vote polled against him will be an additional evidence of the falsity of the declaration of one of his parasites, "that he could do nothing which would deprive him of the affections of the people."

Recollect, that if we succeed in this great state, that every vote polled against him will be an additional, and most salutary warning to future Presidents, not to overstep the proper limits of their power.

THE FORGED LETTER.—Mr. Benjamin Darlington recently addressed a letter to Joseph Ritner, inquiring whether he had ever written such a letter as that recently circulated along the Branch Canals, with his name attached.

The letter of Mr. Darlington, and the reply of Mr. Ritner, are both published in the last Times. The following is the material part of Mr. Ritner's reply.

DEAR SIR,—Your favor, dated the 19th inst., was handed to me a few days since, by a friend, to whom it was enclosed—containing a slip from 'The Times,' of the 17th inst. The object to which you direct my attention is, an extract of a letter, said to have been written by me, on the subject of the canal, and more particularly the branches, with my name printed thereto. The extract, according to the printed document before me, was transmitted in '*a letter from a highly respectable gentleman of Adams county, to his friend in Williamsport, Lycoming county, dated Gettysburgh, Sept. 20th, 1832.*' You ask of me the favor to say whether or not I ever wrote the letter alluded to, or any of a similar character? I very cheerfully comply with your request. I *did not* write a letter to any person in Adams county, nor *any where else*, containing the sentiment imputed to me in the said extract; neither have I *written*, or authorized any one to *write*, to Adams county, or *any where else*, a sentiment, or sentiments, that could be construed, or tortured, in the slightest degree to *mean* any thing like what the extract, if true, would make me say.

In the last Mercury, in some remarks appended to the note of Patrick Mulvany, we find the following sentence:

"Mr. Craig then proposed that if Mr. Mulvany would permit him to amend the objectionable part of the note, it should be published *without comment*, which proposition was agreed to."

This statement is utterly untrue: we never agreed to publish Mr. Mulvany's note "*without comment*." In his note, there was a remark, not very respectful to us, and we would not *publish it*, unless that remark was omitted—to this Mr. Mulvany assented.—But why so sensitive about our "comments?" did we hit the nail on the head? and was Mr. Mulvany's declaration—that he would not *violate his pledge*—a mere equivocation? We fully believe all this.

We fully believe that the statement made by the leader of the Jackson party, in Beaver county, is true; that the vote of the Jackson electors, if they succeed, will be given to Martin Van Buren. Mr. Mulvany does not intend to *violate his pledge*, but he will be *released from its performance*.

Our readers, by looking at the extract from our paper, as re-published in Mr. Mulvany's note, will see that our charge was as follows:

'Does any man, in Pittsburgh, doubt that Patrick Mulvany will, if elected, *vote for Martin Van Buren*. Indeed we greatly doubt whether he will deny that such is his intention.'

Here our charge is, that 'Patrick Mulvany will, if elected, *vote for Martin Van Buren*.' Does he deny it? No, indeed, he carefully avoids saying that he will not vote for Martin Van Buren; but says—"if I am elected, *my pledge to the Convention shall not be violated by me*.'

If there was no deception meant, where was the necessity for this roundabout equivocation. Why could he not say, at once, *I will not vote for Martin Van Buren*. This would have been plain and unequivocal, but it would not have answered the purpose. Will Mr. Mulvany, even now, say that *he will not vote for Martin Van Buren? Let those interested ask him.*

VOTE IN 1828.—For the convenience of our readers, we republish the result of the election, in Allegheny County, at the last Presidential election.

Districts.	*Jackson.*	*Adams.*
Pittsburgh, E. Ward	655	298
do. W. Ward	561	308
Pitt township	146	75
Wilkins	134	47
Plum	179	46
Versailles	109	37
Mifflin	132	41
Elizabeth	229	99
Jefferson	115	58
McCully's	168	107
Birmingham	207	82
Robinson	125	41
Fayette	241	92
Moon	92	26
Finley	139	15
Ohio	77	31
Franklin	59	18
Ross	68	28
Pine	37	62
Deer, E.	51	24
Deer, W.	43	22
Indiana	76	34
Borough of Allegheny	223	75
Total,	3,866	1,666

SERMON.

☞The New Presbyterian Church of the Northern Liberties of the city of Pittsburgh will be opened on Sunday, first, the 4th of November. A sermon will be preached by the Rev. Mr. Anderson, after which a collection will be taken up to aid in the completion of the building, to which we respectfully invite the attention of our friends in the city and neighborhood. Divine Service to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Pittsburgh Northern Liberties, Nov. 2, 1832.

☞At a Court of Common Pleas, October 24, on motion of Walter Forward, Esq., *James H. Stewart* was admitted to practice in the several Courts of this County as an Attorney at Law.

An act has passed the Legislature of Tennessee, chartering the *Union Bank of Tennessee*, of which the following are the principal provisions.

The capital stock of the Bank not to exceed three millions of dollars.

The Bank to be located at *Columbia*, with authority to establish a Branch in East Tennessee, one in Middle Tennessee, and another in the Western District, for the purposes of discount and deposit only.

As soon as five thousand shares (one hundred dollars each) are subscribed by individuals, the Governor, on being notified of that fact, to subscribe five thousand shares on the part of the State, and to execute bonds in the name of the State for $500,000, bearing an interest of five per cent. per annum, which is to be paid half yearly. The bonds to be made payable to the President and Directors, $125,000 at the end of fifteen years; $125,000 at the end of twenty years; $125,000 at the end of twenty-five years; and $125,000 at the end of thirty years. These bonds to be handed over to the President and Directors in payment for the stock taken by the State.

The Governor to appoint five Directors annually on the part of the State.

All paper discounted for a period of time not exceeding 90 days, to be discounted at the rate of six per cent. per annum;—all paper over 90 days and under six months, at a rate of interest not exceeding seven per cent. per annum; and all paper over six months, at a rate of interest not exceeding eight per cent. per annum.

In consideration of the privileges conferred by this charter, the Bank to pay the State one half of one per cent. on the amount of capital stock paid in by citizen stockholders.

The Bank not to issue bills for a smaller amount than five dollars.

The amount of issues not to exceed the capital stock paid in, above 100 per cent.

In cases of violation of the charter by over issues, or granting stockholders greater accommodations than the Act allows, such of the Directors as voted for or sanctioned the violations, to be responsible in their private property for any loss or damage that may occur in consequence of such violations, and in case the property, real and personal, of such Directors be insufficient to repair the injury, then and in that case the stockholders to be individually liable to an amount equal to the stock by them respectively held.

The public funds of the State to be deposited in the Bank or its branches, and interest to be paid thereon.

The institution to go into operation whenever five thousand shares are subscribed by individuals, in addition to the five thousand shares subscribed by the State.

The profits arising to the State on account of the State stock, from the bonus to be paid by the Bank, and from the interest on deposits, to be appropriated to the use of Common Schools.

Chickasaw Negotiation.—The Florence (Alabama) Gazette says that Gen. Coffee is negotiating a treaty with the Chickasaw Indians at the Council House of the Nation; that the whole tribe, consisting of about five thousand, were present at the negotiation; and that the basis of the treaty has been agreed upon.

The Indians.—Much has been said of the humane policy and intentions of our Government in providing comfortable locations in the western wilderness for such tribes of Indians within the boundaries of the old States, as can be induced to "sell their birth-right for a mess of pottage." CALEB ATTWATER, of Ohio, a commissioner appointed by Gen. Jackson himself, to negotiate with the Indians of the Upper Mississippi, has given a description of the "land of promise" to which the poor Indians are to be transported. He has published a journal of his tour in the western country, from which the following is an extract:—

"Between the Alleghanies and the Rocky Mountains, which are about two thousand miles apart, navigable rivers pass through the country at suitable distances from each other, except that portion where the Indians are to be sent. There the soil is so poor, that it produces nothing but the prickly pear, and is the only portion of this valley that is not of some use either to man, beast, fish, or bird."

Are the Cherokees to blame for preferring their own beautiful country, to this miserable, barren desert?

To the Editor of the National Gazette.

TRENTON, October 26th, 1832.

The Hon. Samuel L. Southard was this day appointed Governor of New Jersey by the joint vote of Council and Assembly. Zachariah Rossell, Esq. was appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court, and Nicholas Booraem, Esq. Clerk of the County of Middlesex. These were the only appointments made by the joint meeting. The vote on the appointments indicated the strength of parties to be, National Republican 41, Jackson 23. The majority for the Congressional and Electoral Ticket, in New Jersey, favorable to Clay and Sergeant, will be very great. The honest, intelligent, and independent freemen of New Jersey are aroused.

From Kent's Commentaries.—"I cannot conceive of any thing more grand and imposing in the whole administration of human justice than the spectacle of the Supreme Court sitting in solemn judgment, upon the conflicting claims of the national and state sovereignties, and tranquillizing all jealous and angry passions, and binding together this great confederacy of states in peace and harmony, by the ability, the moderation, and the equity of its decisions."

Of the President.—But when laws are duly made and promulgated, they only remain to be executed. *No discretion is submitted to the executive officer.* It is not for him to deliberate and decide upon the wisdom or expediency of the law. What has been once declared to be law under all the cautious forms of deliberation prescribed by the Constitution, ought to receive prompt and irresistible obedience.—*Poalson.*

From Jamaica.—Captain Safford, of the brig Hope's Delight, arrived at Charleston on Monday last, brought despatches from Carthagena, for our Government, which were forwarded by mail. He states that the people of Jamaica were in a most distracted divided state, and under this strong apprehensions were entertained of a repetition of those disturbances that were before quelled with so much difficulty. American produce dull.

H. M. schr. Speedwell, Lt. Warren, has captured another slave schooner, making a total of 1000 slaves, captured in the short and unprecedented period of *less than three months!—Poulson, October 29.*

From Pernambuco.—We learn, says the Boston Gazette, by a passenger in the brig Rover, at this port, on Thursday, from Pernambuco, whence she sailed the 14th of September, that the affairs of Brazil remained in a very unsettled state. At Pernambuco, murders and assassinations daily occurred, and the condition of the inhabitants was rendered still worse by the hostile approaches of the Indians towards the city, committing many excesses, and causing the destruction of both the lives and property of the Brazilians.—*Poulson.*

Curious Occurrence.—The smack Evergreen, Appleton, on her way from New London to Charleston, South Carolina, was struck in the run by a needle fish. The accident occurred off Hatteras, on the 14th ult. at 6 P. M. The blow was so violent as to split off about 2 feet of the plank, and jar the vessel all over. A part of the lower jaw of the fish was driven into the timber, and a leak occasioned, which rendered a resort to the pumps necessary.—*Poulson.*

Extract from a discourse delivered at Salem by the Reverend Mr. Brazer.

"The Cape Verde Islands are situated between 15 and 19 degrees of North Latitude, and 390 miles West of the continent of Africa. They are differently estimated in number from 10 to 20. Only eight or nine are inhabited. They are, in general, mountainous, and are described, by an intelligent traveler as striking the eye at first sight, as "naked rocks, heaped in disorder one over another, cut off and rent by fantastic fractures rising from the bottom of the sea, and extending themselves to the clouds."—The soil, in point of fact, is for the most part, stony and barren, though it produces, in some places, bread fruits.—But the principal productions are of those kinds of fruit which, however grateful to the palate, are little calculated to sustain life. The heat is intense. The thermometer, which we use, hardly ever indicates less than 80, and often 90 degrees. The ground is so hot that one can scarcely stand on it, in places exposed to the sun. It was thought by the ancients that the country could not, on this account, be inhabited. It is even hotter than are those places which lie directly under the line. For, under the Equator, there are often heavy showers of rain, and which, added to the circumstance that, the days and nights are always equal, very much cools the air; the sun, moreover, passes lightly, stops but for a short time perpendicularly over the inhabitants of the line, whereas, as it approaches the tropies, by staying longer above the horizon, it makes the days longer than the nights, and causes a proportional increase of heat. It rarely rains, and never, but at periodical seasons. And, when the supply of water fails, the soil is "baked and calcined by an all-devouring sun," and becomes wholly incapable of all cultivation, and the poorer classes are liable to perish for want of food."

The Missionaries—The Jackson papers, finding public sentiment setting strongly against the treatment of the Indians and the Missionaries, by the Administration and the State of Georgia, have all at once changed their tone on this subject, and deny that the President has been guilty of any neglect of duty in regard to the Missionaries or the Indians. They allege, that the President could not, if he would, at present, enforce the decision of the Supreme Court. But the charge of neglect of duty, on the part of the President, does not refer at all to the decision. It relates to the TREATIES, and the LAWS OF CONGRESS, respecting the Indians—had the President fulfilled his duty, as enjoined by these, the Missionaries never would have been imprisoned, and the Cherokees would not have been so shamelessly oppressed by the State of Georgia.

But with regard to the decision of the Supreme Court, "it is as notorious, (says the Washington Telegraph) as that decision itself, than Gen. Jackson from the period when it was made, has been unequivocal in his denunciations of the Court, on account of that opinion; which *one of his Cabinet* reviewed at large in the Globe, and which review has been the text of those who condemn the Court, and support Georgia. Why does the Globe now attempt to produce a belief that General Jackson will attempt to coerce Georgia, and release the Missionaries? The answer is—The elections are over in Georgia, and the Kitchen Cabinet are for the votes of Ohio, Pennsylvania, and New York."—*Salem Register.*

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

NEW YORK, October 23.—This body met again at the usual hour yesterday, at St. John's Chapel, where a sermon was preached by the venerated Bishop White, of Pennsylvania, the senior officer of the Church.

The business of the Convention, after Divine service, commenced with the report of a majority of a joint Committee of the House of Bishops, and that of the Clerical and Lay Delegates, accompanied with a counter report of the minority of the same committee, in regard to the resignation of the Rt. Rev. Bishop Chase, of the Ohio Diocess.

All the documents and extraneous information in regard to this resignation, as furnished to the committee on which the reports were founded, were read by Rev. Dr. Anthon, the Secretary.

The original report of the committee of the two houses was to accept the proceedings of the Ohio Diocess, in making valid the resignation of Bishop Chase, and the election of Rev. Dr. M'Ilvaine, of Brooklyn, as his successor. The minutes of the annual Conventions of Ohio of 1831 and 1832, showed that the resignation was accepted, and that Dr. M'Ilvaine was in both years unanimously elected to the Episcopate by those Conventions. A subsequent protest was issued by other persons belonging to the Church of Ohio, denying the right of the Bishop to resign.

The question before the Convention is, whether a Bishop in the United States *has a right to resign?*

The discussion was opened by Wm. A. Duer, L. L. D., President of Columbia college, one of the Lay Delegates of New York. He spoke two hours in the affirmative of the question, and adduced many precedents in support of his position, both before and since the reformation. His arguments and remarks were well digested, cogent, and in some instances pungent. He was listened to with great attention by one of the most intelligent and respectable audiences that we recollect to have met at any time.

President Duer, at 3 o'clock, gave way to a motion of adjournment, and is expected to resume his remarks this morning.

Previous to the discussion, the Convention accepted the request of the Diocess of Alabama to be admitted into the union of the Episcopal Church of the United States.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

EASTON, Pa., Oct. 26, 1832.

Sudden and Awful Retribution.—About two weeks ago, a man on horseback came to the gates of the Delaware bridge at this place, about an hour after midnight, and demanded passage. The toll keeper, Mr. Able, suspecting that he could be on no honest errand, refused to get out of bed, and the man went off. The next day a horse was observed wandering along the shore, the saddle and bridle having evidently been thoroughly soaked with water. Mr. Sidney Down, of this place, took the horse in charge and stabled him, but before he could be advertised a gentleman arrived here from Heidelberg, in Lehigh County, in pursuit of a horse thief, and hearing of this horse, went to see him and instantly recognized him as his property, upon which the animal was delivered up to him and taken home. The matter caused considerable excitement and various conjectures, the most obvious and probable of which was fully confirmed by the intelligence received in the course of the ensuing week, from Rocky Falls. At that place, about 16 miles below Easton, the body of a man was found, rather tall and tolerably well dressed, with a leather belt around his body, containing about $12 in silver, and having on his boots a pair of spurs. No doubt remains in the minds of our citizens but that the horse thief, in his eagerness to get out of the way, attempted to swim the river, but being unacquainted with, and unused to the plunging motion of a swimming horse, was unseated, and met a watery grave.

Hint to Tea Makers.—Put a small quantity of carbonate of soda into the pot along with the tea, and this, by softening the water, will accelerate the infusion amazingly. Should the water be hard, it will increase the strength of your tea at least one half.—*Mechanics' Magazine.*

THE Second Term of the Western Collegiate Institute, for Young Ladies, on Erin Hill, one mile east of the city of Pittsburgh, will commence on Monday, 26th of November next. The expense of Boarding and Tuition, in this establishment, will vary according to the studies pursued, from about 130 to 200 dollars per annum.

November 2.

TO BE LET.

FOUR STORE HOUSES, in the Range of Buildings lately erected on Market Street, between Fourth street and the Diamond.

Also—The Upper Stories of the Building on the corner of Market and Fourth streets.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

Novemher 2, 1832.—tf

WESTWARD, HO!!!

A TALE: by the Author of the "Dutchman's Fireside." This day received, and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co.,

44 *Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.*

November 2—2t

400 SUPERIOR SPANISH HIDES; 60 Bales Mississippi and Tennessee COTTON;

50 Hhds. Ky. LEAF TOBACCO.

Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,

Nov. 2.—1mo 76 Front street.

GREAT BARGAINS!!

LOTS ON MOUNT BALDWIN, FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of Valuable Lots, most beautifully situated on Mount Baldwin, a short distance east of the city line, and affording a full prospect of the whole city and its suburbs, have lately been laid out in convenient sizes, and with convenient streets, and are now offered for sale on reasonable and easy terms. A good, indisputable title will be given to all purchasers. For terms, apply at the Book Store of H. Holdship & Son, Wood street, or to Walter H. Lowrie, at his office, in the west corner of the Diamond.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 2, 1832.—3t.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership of LOGAN & FRITSCHY was dissolved on the 23d Oct., ult. Those having claims against the firm will present them to the subscriber for settlement. All indebted will make immediate payment to

Nov. 2.—4t. JOSHUA LOGAN.

GUN BARRELS.

JUST received, and for sale, a lot of RIFLE BARRELS, of superior quality, by

S. FUNDENBURG,

45, corner of Market and Liberty streets.

November 2, 1832.—tf

TO BUILDERS.

PROPOSALS for erecting a Market House in the public square, in Second street, will be received until six o'clock, on Thursday evening, the 8th inst., by either of the subscribers.

BENJ. BAKEWELL.
ANDREW FLEMING,
J. COLTART,
T. SIMMONS,
S. BULFORD.

Building Committee.

N. B.—A plan and specification can be seen, by applying to W. A. Fleming, corner of Second and Grant streets. Nov. 2, 1832—2t

NOTICE.

The German Benevolent Society in Pittsburgh,

AWARE of the difficulties that commonly await the German Emigrants more than the English, for want of knowledge of the English language, a number of respectable German citizens, in and about this city, have united and constituted themselves into a Society for the purpose of relieving and preventing distress, and perplexity of German emigrants and residents, in procuring employment both for adults and children, and other information wanted. They have established, for this purpose, an intelligence office at the residence of *Dr. Kling, 3d street, between Smithfield and Wood streets.*

The office will be open every day, from 1 to 3 o'clock, Sundays excepted.

Germans who will avail themselves of the benefit of this Society, may apply for further references.

Situations for Mechanics, Laborers, Servants, Gardeners, Barkeepers, and other situations to be had in the city, and adjacent country, shall be procured.

Gentlemen wanting Servants; Master Mechanics who may need workmen at all branches; Merchants requiring partners—in short, those who may wish to employ persons to discharge the duties of any avocation; also, those who wish to take children to their care, and those desirous to Sell or Rent Houses or Lands, in or about the city, or in the adjacent country, will find it their interest to apply to this office, and will be attended to gratis. Letters directed to this office are to be post paid.

The Committee of the German Benevolent Society.

REV. D. KEMMERER,
Dr. E. KLING,
GEORGE WEYMAN,
CONRAD UPPERMAN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 2, 1832.

Editors, generally, friendly to this object, will do a public benefit by inserting the above occasionally.

AN ORDINANCE,

To borrow Money for the further extension of the Water Works.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* That the Mayor of the city be, and he is hereby authorized to borrow, on loan, any sum or sums of money not exceeding twelve thousand dollars; and to issue therefor Certificates, under the Seal of the Corporation, of one hundred dollars each, bearing an interest of not more than five per cent. per annum, which interest shall be made payable half yearly at the Bank of Schuylkill, in Philadelphia, except so much as may be borrowed in Pittsburgh, the interest of which shall be paid semi-annually at the Bank of Pittsburgh; and the Certificates, so issued, shall be signed by the Mayor, and countersigned by the Treasurer, and shall be severally transferred by the subscribers, or their legal attorneys, executors, administrators, or assigns, by endorsement thereon at the office, and in the presence of the Treasurer of the City, or the Cashier of the Schuylkill Bank, for the time being, and shall not be paid or reduced by the city, except with the consent of the holders thereof, before the first day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty: and the moneys, so borrowed, shall be paid to the City Treasurer, and applied by him exclusively to the payment of warrants drawn for the purpose of defraying the expenses of supplying the city with water.

SECT. 2. *Be it further ordained and enacted,* That the faith, credit, funds, revenue, and corporate property of the city be, and they are hereby solemnly pledged for the payment of the sums hereby authorized to be borrowed as aforesaid, and for the payment of the interest of the same.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Council, the 29th day of October, A. D. 1832.

JOHN GRAHAM,
Pres't Common Council.

Attest—
E. J. ROBERTS, Cl'k Common Council.

JAMES ROSS,
Pres't Select Council.

WM. PENTLAND, Cl'k Select Council, *P. T.*

November 2.—3t

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. J. SUMNER, having discovered an infallible cure for different species of *HERNIA or RUPTURE*, by an external application of ointment, without inconvenience to the patient; which ointment, prepared only by himself, he now offers for sale to all who are afflicted with the above complaint, being confident of success from the many proofs he has had of its efficacy—likewise, he considers it a duty to give to the public a fair statement of his own case.

For fifteen years he was sorely afflicted with two Ruptures, the pains of which were so severe, that he was compelled to relinquish all active business, wearing a Truss, and keeping himself a long period mostly confined, and had nearly gave up all hope of ever enjoying a comfortable state of health.—In this dilemma he was forcibly struck with the old adage, that there never was an evil without a remedy, and forthwith commenced a series of experiments upon himself, which through Divine Providence resulted in a complete and radical cure. JOHN SUMNER,

No. 139 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

This may certify, That my Son, aged thirteen years, was afflicted with a Rupture for three years, and was under the necessity of wearing the Truss constantly, but without any other effect than a temporary relief, and was effectually cured by Dr. J. Sumner in about three weeks time.

JOHN C. DOUGLAS.

No. 131 South Eleventh street, Philadelphia

This may Certify, That I have been afflicted with a Rupture for between four and five years, and have been effectually cured by Doctor J. Sumner, in about five weeks time.

JOHN VASEY,

Corner of York Road and Coates street, Philada.

I Certify, That I was afflicted with a Rupture for four years, and was effectually cured by the application of Dr. Sumner's OINTMENT, in the term of four weeks. E. WILSON.

I Certify, That my Son David, was effectually cured of a Rupture in three weeks time, of twelve years standing, by making use of Dr. Sumner's OINTMENT. D. COX.

The above Certificates are deemed sufficient, and many others might be obtained, and many references can be given.

☞ FINDLAY & MADEIRA are Agents for the above Medicine, corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh.

march 29, 1831.—w1mo&mtf.

Tuesday (Nov. 6) positively the last day.

WONDER OF THE WORLD!

BEAUTIES OF MECHANISM,

TERMED THE HALL OF INDUSTRY.

THE citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully informed that *Messrs. Letton & Co.* have arrived in this place from New York, with their useful and wonderful novelty, consisting of three Manufactories for Cotton and Woolen Cloths and Cards, in full operation, moved altogether by the power of Dogs. It will be exhibited for a time at the PENNSYLVANIA MUSEUM, South West corner of Market and Fourth streets.

Hours of exhibition, from 9 o'clock, A. M. to 12 o'clock, M., and from 3 to 5, and from 6 till 10, P. M. Admittance, 25 cents.

October 9.

RELIGIOUS COURTSHIP.

RELIGIOUS COURTSHIP; being Historical Discourses on the necessity of marrying Religious Husbands and Wives only; as, also, of Husbands and Wives being of the same opinions in religion with one another. This day published, and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,

44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

October 30, 1832.—6t.

OFFICE

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF GOLD, SILVER, AND NOTES.

WANTED, AT HIGH PREMIUMS,

American Gold,	Guineas,
Sovereigns,	Ducats,
Doubloons,	Napoleons,
Guilders,	Len Thalers,
Louisd'ors,	Johannes:

Every description of Bank Note Paper discounted at the lowest rates:

Drafts and Notes of hand collected.

Interest allowed on Special Deposits.

Certificates issued payable in 30, 60, or 70 days after date, with interest.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Oct. 23 Exchange Broker.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

THE New Steam Boat, MEDITERRANEAN *Srodes, Master*, will be ready to leave, for New Orleans, on the first rise of water, in November.

☞For freight or passage, apply to

McKEE, CLARKE & Co.

October 19, 1832.—3w. No. 39 Water st.

UNIVERSAL GAZETTEER.

A New Universal Gazetteer, containing a Description of the Principal Nations, Empires, Kingdoms, States, Provinces, Cities, Towns, Ports, Seas, Harbors, Rivers, Lakes, Canals, Mountains, Volcanoes, Capes, Caverns, Cataracts, and Grottoes. By R. Brookes, M. D.: Improved and remodeled by John Marshall, Esq.

Also, A New Gazetteer or Geographical Dictionary of North America and the West Indies: By Bishop Davenport.

The above works just received, and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co.

No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. October 26, 1832.—4t

THE SUBSCRIBERS.

HAVING entered into Partnership in the Boot and Shoe Making Business, under the firm of JOHN CHAMBERS & Co., and having taken the shop,

NO. 11, FIFTH STREET,

They invite their friends, and the public generally, to give them a call, as they intend keeping constantly on hand, BOOTS, SHOES, WALKING AND DANCING PUMPS, of the best materials and workmanship, and of the most approved fashions. All orders thankfully received, and promptly attended to.

Ladies' Shoes furnished as above, at the shortest notice.

JOHN CHAMBERS,
JAMES GRAHAM.

N. B.—John Chambers will discontinue his shop in Market street.

October 26—3t

FREDERICK RUPP
AND
ERNEST HEIDELBERG,
Professors of Music,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally, that they have rented those spacious rooms, owned by John M. Snowden, Esq., corner of Liberty street and Irwin's alley, where they will give lessons on the Clarionett, Flute, Violin, Basso, &c. &c. Terms per quarter, $10, for two lessons a week. When more than one scholar is entered, by the same person, a liberal deduction will be made. Instructions on the Piano, also, given. Young Ladies will be particularly waited on at their residence.

Pittsburgh, October 26, 1832.—3t.

COTILLION PARTIES.

A BONNAFON'S first Cotillion Party will take place on Friday next, the 26th inst., at Mr. Beale's Room, to commence at 7 o'clock, P. M. and continue till 12. No charge will be made to those scholars who have entered for a quarter, during the time of their being scholars. The course of Parties will consist of 6, to take place every fortnight.

Subscription for a Lady and Gentleman,		$7
Do.	for a Lady,	3
Do.	for a Gentleman,	5

To be paid on subscribing.

The object of the above charges is, to have the parties select, as, unless they are so, A. B. will decline having any. Tickets, both for a Lady and a Gentleman, will not be transferrable during the course. No person will be admitted for the single evening, except he be a stranger in this city, and then he must be introduced by a scholar or subscriber, and pay $1.

A. B's Dancing School continues opened for the reception of scholars, either in Dancing or Waltzing, in all their branches. No scholar taken for less than a quarter. Application made at Mrs. Grace's, No. 20 Wood street, or at the room.

Oct. 19, 1832.—3ti.

PITTSBURGH

STARCH MANUFACTORY.

THE Partnership which existed between the subscribers was dissolved in April last. All persons having claims against said firm, are requested to present the same to Alexander Ferguson; and all persons indebted to them are required to make immediate payment.

ALEX. FERGUSON,
GEORGE KIRKPATRICK.

August 7—tf

THEOLOGICAL LIBRARY, No. 2.

THE Consistency of the Whole Scheme of Revelation with itself and with Human Reason. By P. N. Shuttleworth, D. D.: 1 vol.

Also, Sermons of the Rev. James Saurin: A New Edition, with additional Sermons, revised and corrected by Rev. Samuel Burder. With an Engraving. In 2 vols., 8vo. For sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,

44 *Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.*

Oct. 23—4t

Kentucky Janes and Flannels.

JUST received, a Splendid Lot of Kentucky Janes, suitable for the approaching season.

Apply to

CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE.

Pittsburgh, October 23, 1832.—4t

100 BBLS. SUPERIOR FLOUR—made of new wheat;
50 bales Mississippi COTTON;
5 tons PIG LEAD;
20 bbls. WHALE OIL;
5 tons LOG WOOD.
For sale low by
McKEE, CLARKE & Co.,
Oct. 19—3w 39 Water street.

Mackerel & N. Orleans Sugar.

100 Barrels No. 2 Mackerel;
10 Hhds. Prime N. Orleans Sugar:
Offered unusually low, by
CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE.
Pittsburgh, October 23, 1832.—4t

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

THE New and Splendid Steam Boat CHESTER, *Price, Master*, will leave for the above port, on the first rise of water, being entirely finished, will have immediate despatch. ☞For freight or passage, apply to
JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.
Water Street, Pittsburgh.
October 26, 1832.—tf

Prints, Fancy Stationery,

SCHOOL BOOKS, VISITING AND PLAYING CARDS.

ENGRAVINGS of every kind constantly to be had at Sylvester's, corner of Wood and Fourth streets.

Also, on hand, a general assortment of Stationery and School Books, together with various kinds of Toy Books; all of which will be sold cheaper than at any other place in Pittsburgh.

Print Dealers will be supplied at a large discount. Oct. 23

THE WESTERN FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

IS now open for the reception of Young Ladies, in that elegant, commodious, and delightfully situated mansion, lately occupied by Mrs. Agnes Irwin, on Erin Hill, one mile east of the city of Pittsburgh, near the right bank of the Monongahela river.

The design of the Institute is to impart an *accurate and thorough knowledge of all the solid and polite branches of female education;* and, having employed the assistance of several ladies of distinguished learning and accomplishments, the proprietors hope to fulfil the design.

The general classification of Studies, and Terms of Instruction in the Institute, are as follow:—

Orthography, Reading, Writing, Rudiments of Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, and Plain Sewing, $4 per term.

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Chronology, Elements of History, Rhetoric, and Needle Work, $6.

Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, History, Rhetoric, Botany, Geology, Composition, Moral Philosophy, Elocution, and Fancy Work, $7.

History, Geometry, Astronomy, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Logic, Elements of Criticism, Composition, and Elocution, $8.

Elocution, Intellectual Philosophy, Evidences of Christianity, Natural Theology, Domestic Economy, comprehending the Intellectual, Moral, and Manual branches of this department, $10.

French, Spanish, and Italian, each $8.

Music on the Guitar, Piano Forte, and Harp, including the use of the instruments for practice, each $13.

Drawing and Painting, $6. Painting on Velvet, with theorems, $4. Bronzing and Painting in the Chinese style, $20 per course.

Board, instruction in Callesthenics, Weekly Lectures on Etiquette and Polite Manners, Fuel, Candle-light, Pew Rent, and general superintendence, $2 50 per week. ☞All bills payable quarterly in advance.

Those who prefer the arrangement, may have their daughters boarded and instructed in *all* the branches taught in the Institute, at the rate of $200 per annum.

Dr. Lacey and his Institute have the honor of being recommended to the public confidence and patronage, by the following distinguished gentlemen:

E. T. Throop, Governor of the State of N. Y.; Edward P. Livingston, Lieut. Governor, do.; Rev. Eliphalet Nott, D. D. President of Union College; Reuben H. Walworth, Chancellor of the State of New York; A. Flagg, Secretary of State; Silas Wright, Jr. Comptroller; James Porter, Register in Chancery; John Townsend, Mayor of the city of Albany; Alonzo Potter, A. M. Professor of Bells Lettres and Moral Philosophy Union College; P. A. Proal, A. M. Prof. of the French language and literature, U. Canada; T. R. Beck, M. D. Prof. in the Col. of Phy. & Sur. of the W. District, and Principal of the Albany Academy; Rt. Rev. B. T. Onderdonk, D. D. Bishop of the Diocese of N. York, and Prof. of the nature, ministry and polity of the church in the G. T. Sem.; Rev. Thomas Lyell, D. D. Rector of Christ Church, N. Y.; Rev. George Upfold, D. D. Rector of Trinity Church, Pittsburgh; Rev. John Ludlow, D. D. Pastor of the North D. Reformed Church, Albany; Rev. W. B. Sprague, D. D. Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Albany; Rev. Thomas Burch, Pastor of the North Methodist E. Church, Albany; Rev. James Martin, A. M. Pastor of Associate Church, Albany.

☞There will be a vacation of four weeks, in August; of one in November; one in February, and one in May.

☞For further particulars, refer to the Prospectus, or to the Subscriber,
WM. B. LACEY.
October 2, 1832.—1ysw

☞LOOK HERE, FASHIONABLES!

YOU have, for a long time past, been inquiring of me for the New Style SWAG TOP CAPS. Now, take notice, I have this day received, from Philadelphia, a small lot of

SWAG TOP CLOTH CAPS,

Of various Colors and Sizes. Call soon, or "you'll be a day after the fair."
S. J. SYLVESTER,
Corner of Wood and Fourth streets, or next the Exchange, St. Clair street.

☞A large assortment of Common Caps, suitable for the country trade, for sale, Wholesale and Retail. Oct. 19

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 22, for 1832: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 3d of November, 1832. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Sixty-Six Number Lottery—Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$30,000 is	$30,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		5,000	5,000
1		3,000	3,000
1		2,704	2,704
30		1,000	30,000
30		500	15,000
65		200	13,000
56		100	5,600
56		70	3,920
56		60	3,360
56		50	2,800
112		40	4,480
2184		24	52,416
15400		12	184,800
45760	tickets.		$366,080

Tickets,	$10 00	Halves,	$5 00
Quarters,	2 50	Eighths,	1 25

☞For Prizes, apply to or address
S. J SYLVESTER,
Corner of Wood and Fourth streets, or next the Exchange, St. Clair street.
Oct. 26, 1832.

Edgeworth Ladies' Boarding School,

BRADDOCKSFIED, NEAR PITTSBURGH,

Will recommence its engagements on the first Monday of October next.

THE increased and increasing approbation given to this institution cannot fail to produce a corresponding zeal and energy, and a desire to secure a settled good opinion. At this time very many additions have been made, for the convenience, comfort, and well doing of the pupils.—In so large a field as is open for education, understood in its true and extensive sense, there must be room for continual culture. Unabated will be the effort to do the utmost possible to meet so responsible a charge as the care of youth, and to this effort will be added the aid experience brings.—With little observation, in every succeeding month, somewhat is seen to revise and improve.

Edgeworth Seminary has been now of several years standing, and, disclaiming all egotism, it is only the fact to say that experience enables it to offer rather an increase than a diminution of means to give satisfaction.

The health enjoyed by the inmates, and beauty of situation of Braddocksfield Mansion, are well known to visiters, but for information of strangers, it is necessary to state, that in both particulars terms too flattering cannot easily be used.

To instruct, coercive means are not employed—reference is made to the heart as well as the head. Pains are taken to inculcate, that to be great, it is an indispensable to be virtuous; and as the worth of knowledge is only to be estimated by its tendency to right action, the study of every branch, and the proportion of time given to it, will be made subservient and tributary to useful moral and religious improvement.

Sabbath day engagements must not be interrupted unnecessarily. Pupils living at a distance, or from any cause, disposed to make Braddocksfield, during the vacation, their home, are invited to do so, and no additional charge is made.

TERMS.

Admission, Tuition in English branches, viz:—Reading, Writing, Grammar, Composition, Arithmetic, Geography, and Astronomy, with use of Globes, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, and History; also Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, - - - *per annum*,	$130
Tuition in Music, - - - -	40
Drawing, Pencil, Crayon, and Water Colors, -	24
Oil Painting, - - - -	40
French, - - - -	20

Pupils engaging in all the studies, the total charge does not exceed two hundred dollars a year. Payment three months in advance.
M. OLVER.
September 13, 1831.

HEALTH ALMANAC, FOR 1833.

THE HEALTH ALMANAC, for 1833, with Maxims and Rules for the Preservation of Health. Just received, and for sale by
JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.
Also, for sale, as above, English and German Almanacs, of different kinds, by the gross, dozen, or single one. Sept. 14—tf

AUCTION SALES.

WILL be sold on Monday, 24th Sept. at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the corner of Market and Fourth streets, on Assignment, the entire stock of Samuel Stevenson, consisting of a very large and splendid assortment of Dry Goods, among which are the following articles, viz: Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Flannels, Blankets, Carpeting, Hearth Rugs, Tickings, Bombazetts, Circassians, Bombazines, French and English Merinoes, Black Lasting, Moreens, Beaverteens, Bangup Cord, Table Covers, Counterpanes, Umbrellas, Bed Spreads, Calicoes, Ginghams and Plaids, Silk and Cotton Vestings, Silk and Tabby Velvets, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Painted Muslins, Crape Robes, Plain and Figured Swiss, Jaconet, Mull and Book Muslins, Cambric do. Black, Green, Yellow and Italian Crape, Black, Worsted and White Cotton Hose, Black Silk do., Thibet Hdkfs., Fancy Silk, do. Black Lustring do., Mandarin, do., Popileno, do., Linen, do., Black and Cotton, do., Worsted and Valencia Shawls, Cotton and Merino, do., Gauze Scarfs, Bobinet Capes, Bobinet Footing, Cotton Lace, Bobinet and Thread do., Linen Cambric, Linen Collars, Glazed Muslins, Foundation Muslins, Buttons, Beaver and Hoskin Gloves, Black and White Silk do., Cotton Cord, Sewing Silk, Patent Thread, Gimps, Combs, Cotton Balls, &c. &c. &c.

N. B.—Sales continued from day to day until all is closed.

W. BELL, Jr.
JOHN ALEXANDER,
THOS. STEVENSON,
Sept. 21.—tf *Assignees.*

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 22, for 1832; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 3d November, 1832. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. 66 No. Lottery: Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$30,000 is	$30,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		5,000	5,000
1		3,000	3,000
1		2,704	2,704
30		1,000	30,000
30		500	15,000
65		200	13,000
56		100	5,600
56		70	3,920
56		60	3,360
56		50	2,800
112		40	4,480
2184		24	52,416
15400		12	184,800
45760	tickets.		$366,080

Tickets,	$10 00	Halves,	$5 00
Quarters,	2 50	Eighths,	1 25

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address
WM. HAMILTON,
No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.
Oct. 23, 1832.

AUCTION SALES.

WILL *be sold, on Monday, the 22d of October, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Mr. Snowden's Three Story Warehouse, in Liberty street, on assignment, the entire stock of M. E. Moehring & Brother, consisting of a large assortment of DRY GOODS, among which are the following articles, viz:*

Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Flannels, Baizes, Blankets, Tickings, Bombazetts, Circassians; Madras Shawls, Cotton Shawls, Blue and White Bandannas, Black Shawls, Colored Shawls, Sewing Silk, Cotton Thread, Suspenders, Silk Belts, Mantua Ribbands, of all descriptions and colors, Flag Handkerchiefs, Italian Cravats, Foulard, Irish Linen, Brown Holland, Buckram, Fountain Muslins, East India Silk Cravats, Nankeens, Crapes, Dress Handkerchiefs, Palmarino Handkerchiefs, Dress Merinos, Worsted Binding, Cotton Hose, White Zebra, Rondom, etc.

Dress and Side Combs; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves, Perling, Cambric Muslins, Lapette Leno, Book Muslins, Plain Muslin, Silk Handkerchiefs, Calicoes, Furniture Binding, Linen Collars, Silk and Worsted Vestings, Checks, Buttons, Needles, Razor Strops, Spectacles, Shaving Soap, Patent Threads, Comfortables, Morocco Belts, Neck Laces, Clasps, and other Fancy Articles, Children's Caps, etc. etc.

Also, a large assortment of HATTERS' FURS and Trimmings, and other articles belonging to the Hatting Trade—the sale of which will commence on Tuesday, the 25th instant (positively) at the same place.

N. B. Sales continued from day to day, until all is closed.

CHAS. VON BONNHORST,
CHARLES L. VOLZ,
MARTIN RAHM.
October 12, 1832—ts

China & Queensware.

PEPPARD & CALLAN, importers, No. 37 Wood street, are receiving, in addition to their spring stock, a very general assortment of NEW PATTERNS, of a superior quality of ware.
DINING and TEA SETS, mantel ornaments, with plain and Cut Glass, at moderate prices.
June 22, 1832.—tf

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.
Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

75 Bbls. Molasses, received per Transport, and for sale by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.
may 25, 1832.

Exchange Establishment,

NO. 68 WOOD STREET.

Zanesville	1	Michigan	3
Muskingum	1	Pottsville	1
New Jersey	1a2	Chambersburgh	1
Delaware	1	Wilksbarre	1½
Virginia	1	Lake Erie	2
New England	2	Painesville	2
South Carolina	3	New York	1½a2
North Carolina	5	Scioto	3
Louisiana	5		

GEORGE A. COOK,
Aug. 17. Exchange Broker.

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.
SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.
may 4, 1832—tf

LAW NOTICE.

GEO. W. ACHESON, Attorney at Law—Office at the southwest corner of Market street and the Diamond. ☞Entrance, No. 3 in the Diamond. march 27, 1832.—tf.

Fort Pitt Glass Works.

R. B. CURLING & SONS, grateful for the very liberal patronage they have hitherto received, beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have considerably enlarged their factory; and having associated with them Mr. H. HIGBY, under the firm of CURLING, HIGBY & CURLINGS, they respectfully solicit a continuance of former favors.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 21, 1832.—tf

New Hardware Establishment.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they are now opening, at *No. 58, WOOD STREET*, a very extensive and choice assortment of
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, SADDLERY, &c.,
of the latest importations, which they offer to country merchants and others, on at least as good terms as they can be purchased in any establishment in this city.
WALLACE, HOWE & CO.
Pittsburgh, September 21, 1832.—3m.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,
MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.
N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. march 19—tf.

LIQUORS.

3 PIPES Bordeaux Brandy;
2 do Holland Gin;
30 Quarter Casks Sweet Malaga Wine.
Just received and for sale by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.
march 9.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 22, for 1832: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 3d November, 1832. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty-Six Number Lottery: Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$30,000 is	$30,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		5,000	5,000
1		3,000	3,000
1		2,704	2,704
30		1,000	30,000
30		500	15,000
65		200	13,000
56		100	5,600
56		70	3,920
56		60	3,360
56		50	2,800
112		40	4,480
2184		24	52,416
15400		12	184,800
45760	tickets.		$366,080

Tickets,	$10 00	Halves,	$5 00
Quarters,	2 50	Eighths,	1 25

Orders from abroad, enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

When five dollars or more is sent for tickets, postage need not be paid.

Packages of wholes and shares prepared, and will be sold by certificate or otherwise.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address
GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where was sold, a few weeks since, the splendid capital prize of SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; and where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to upwards of ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS!!
Oct. 23, 1832.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

JUST receiving, from New York and Philadelphia, a large and valuable assortment of
Bibles, of all prices;
Psalm and Hymn Books;
School Books, of all kinds;
Quills and Slates;
Writing and Wrapping Paper;
Wall Paper and Playing Cards;
Together with a great variety of articles suitable for the country trade, all of which are offered cheap at SYLVESTER'S, Corner of Wood and Fourth streets.

☞Rags taken in exchange for goods, or bought for cash, at highest market price.
October 9, 1832.

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

DISSOLUTION.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing, under the firm of Wm. G. Davis & Co., Blairsville, Pa., and Wm. G. Davis & Co., Wheeling, Va., is dissolved by mutual consent.

Any persons having unsettled accounts against either of the above concerns, will please present them for payment to John D. Davis & Co.; and those indebted, are requested to make payments without delay, to either of the subscribers.
JOHN D. DAVIS,
WM. G. DAVIS.
Pittsburgh, 30th march, 1832.

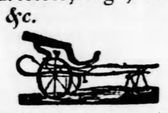
COPARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have associated themselves together in business, under the firm of JOHN D. DAVIS & CO., as Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants; and respectfully offer their services to their friends and the public. No 38, Water, and 78, Front streets.
JOHN D. DAVIS,
WM. G. DAVIS.
Pittsburgh, march 30, 1832.—tf.

250 BBLS. LOAF SUGAR: received per Steam Boat Friend, and for sale unusually low, by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.
may4, 1832.

NEW COACH MANUFACTORY.

THE subscribers are desirous of informing the public that they have commenced the *COACH MAKING, in all its various branches,* near the end of the *Allegheny Bridge, Saint Clair street, Pittsburgh,* where they intend manufacturing *Post Coaches, Coachees, Barouches, Chariotees, Carriolees, Gigs, Sulkeys, Dearborns, &c. &c.*



Having supplied themselves with as good a lot of materials as the country can afford, and having none but first rate mechanics, they flatter themselves that they are enabled to give general satisfaction to those who may favor them.

Stage Proprietors are respectfully requested to give them a call, and examine for themselves.—All work done, warranted of the best materials and workmanship. ☞Repairing done with despatch.

On hand, for sale, a neat Charriottee.
HISE, COLE & GREER.
N. B. Wanted, three lads between 14 and 17 years of age, to learn the Coach Making business.
march 20, 1832.—tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have opened a Drug Store, No. 42 Market street, second door below third, where they have just received a large and general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Window Glass, Perfumery, &c. which they offer for sale, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable terms.
H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

☞For sale, as above, Mons. Chabert, the celebrated French Fire King's Tapuyas Elixir, an instantaneous cure for the tooth ache.
April 13, 1832.—tf

30 Hhds. Superior quality Leaf Tobacco (new crop)—received per Polander.
For sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.
may 25, 1832.

400 BAGS Coffee;
80 chests assorted Tea:
60 boxes Raisins;
5 barrels Almonds, and a large additional supply of superior Liquors.

Just received and for sale by
JOHN DALZELL & Co.,
170, Corner of Liberty and Irwin streets.
July 24.—tf

FOR SALE—A number of Shares of Stock in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.
Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. June 19.

Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash.

THE Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash effectually cleanses the teeth and mouth, speedily removes all canker or soreness; likewise, the smell or taste from the use of tobacco, and all that is offensive in the breath; in fine, it preserves the teeth and mouth, in all respects, in a clean and healthy condition. For sale at
H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co's
Drug Store, No 42, Market street.
July 31.

NOTES AND GOLD.

EVERY description of Bank Note Paper discounted at reduced rates. The highest premium paid for Foreign and American GOLD.
Notes and Drafts collected: interest allowed on Special Deposits.
GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
Sept. 21, 1832.

COTTON SPINNER WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN, living in Kentucky, about six miles from Cumberland river, having a Cotton Factory, with 240 Spindles, and a Wool Carding Machine, all propelled by water power, intends to add more Spindles and other Machinery to the same, and would like to engage a man of integrity of character, with sober and industrious habits, well qualified to manage and keep the same in repair, &c. A man with a family would be preferred, who could be accommodated with a House and Garden, in a healthy situation. A person, with the necessary qualifications, who could furnish some capital, to be laid out in additional Machinery, &c., could obtain an interest, if desired; or the advertiser would receive proposals to pay a stipulated price per dozen for spinning, [and furnish hands and stock, or would give a reasonable salary. No one need apply unless he can produce the best recommendations for character and qualifications. For further information, please apply to Messrs. Riddle, Forsyth & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.; or address the Post Master,, Millville, Caldwell county, Kentucky.
August 14—tf

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
October 21, 1831.—tf

JAMES R. LAMBDIN,

Portrait & Miniature Painter,
(No. 29 IRWIN'S ROW, LIBERTY STREET,)
PITTSBURGH.

☞His friends, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to call and view specimens.
September 21—tf

TO BE LET,

THE two New Four Story Brick Store Houses, on the corner of Market street and the Diamond. For terms, apply to JAMES B. IRWIN.
September 18.—tf

PIG METAL.

THE Subscribers have just received, per Amulet, a Lot of Pig Metal, which they offer for sale. As they are receiving heavy consignments, they will shortly be enabled to offer to the consumers a regular supply of this article.
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.
Nov. 29.—tf

50 HHDS. Prime N. O. Sugar;
90 bbls. Molasses;
25 half bbls. do
100 boxes Tin Plate, 1-3 x;
100 bbls. No. 2 Mackerel;
50 bbls. No. 3 do;
30 half bbls. Nos. 1 and 2 do;
9 bbls. New England Rum;
50 do Tanners' Oil;
50 do Rosin and Pitch;
5 casks Cod Fish;
6 tierces Rice;
100 kegs Ky. Manufactured Tobacco;
150 boxes Melee Cigars.
Just received and for sale by
JOHN D. DAVIS & Co.,
No. 38 Water, and 78 Front streets.
may 4—tf

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO. of Wheeling.

THE Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Wheeling, incorporated by the Legislature of Virginia, is duly organised and prepared to take both Fire and Marine risks on the customary terms. Officers for the current year:
JAMES H. FORSYTH, *President.*

Moses W. Chapline,	George Dulty,
Marcus Wilson,	Henry Moore,
William Lambdin,	Thomas Hughes,
William B. Tyson,	Ebenezer Zane.

Directors.
M. Nelson, *Sec'y.* Jan. 17.—tf.

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by
S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.
Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.
march 22, 1831.—tf

NEW MUSIC,

AT HALF PRICE.

Twelve and a Half Cents a Sheet.

GO FORGET ME, why should Sorrow; On Hudson's Side; Innocent Mirth; Wreath of Love; When Temperance; Yon Rose Tree; Lovely Mary; Love thee, yes, too fondly truly; O then I thought of thee; Live Lone; Idols Mio; Spring time of year; Clar de Kitchen; Alice Gray, with vars.; O'Cara Memoria, by Hunter; Buona Motte Amato Care; Swiss Boy, with vars., by Andrews; Le Rano de Vaches; Ov. Mansaniello.

GUITAR MUSIC.

The Wish; Blithe as the hours; Sul'l Margine My Sister Dear; Cotillions, by Tolbeoque; Le Souvenir; Weber's last Waltz, with vars.
No. 9, Fifth street.
SMITH, PETERS & Co.
July 17—tf

REMOVAL.

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO. have removed to their New Warehouse, one door west of Market, on Water street—second building below their old stand. March 9.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.
W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine.*—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.
E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.
E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.
April 15—tf

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WHOLESALE

Earthen-Ware House,

No. 37, Wood Street, Pittsburgh,
Next door to Messrs. Tassey & Church, and nearly opposite Griffith's Hotel.

THE undersigned have made arrangements for regular importations of

China and Earthen-Ware,

And they expect within a few weeks to receive their spring stock of Ware, which will be of the first quality, newest pattern, and quite as extensive as any wholesale house West of the Mountains.

A very general assortment of Pittsburgh manufactured *GLASS* will be kept on hand.

Orders for Ware, left at this house, shall be packed with care and punctuality.

Prices and terms will be found accommodating.
STANDISH PEPPARD,
JAMES CALLAN.
Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

PRESSED GLASS KNOBS.

THE subscribers, having purchased from the New England Glass Company the exclusive right to make Patent Pressed Glass Knobs west of the Allegheny Mountains, hereby caution all persons against making, buying, or selling the same, except such as are manufactured by the Patentees, or
BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS.
May 9 1832.—tf

30 DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away from the subscribers, on Sunday the 16th ultimo, DANIEL M'CARTNEY, an indented apprentice to the Coppersmith Business. He is 19 years of age, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, dark hair, blue eyes, and rather fair complexion. He took with him a blue tight-bodied coat, partly worn, with gilt buttons; one pair new black mixed cassinet pantaloons, and one pair of black worsted or bombazine ditto; one light blue cassinet waistcoat; one striped swansdown ditto, and a new pair of pegged bootees, together with other clothes not recollected. He has a brother living in Mobile, (engineer on the steam boat Isabella,) and has often said he would like to go there. He has been much in the habit of reading plays, and frequently associated with play actors: in all probability his object is to join with some *traveling players.*

The above reward will be given to any person who will apprehend and secure the said apprentice so that the subscribers may get him again. The public are cautioned against harboring him, under the penalty of the law.
L. & P. PETERSON.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 8, 1831.—tf

BAIRD & BALDWIN,

Shipping and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
NO. 7 COMMERCIAL ROW.

☞*Refer to*—
ALLEN & GRANT, *Pittsburgh.*
C. MACALLISTER, Jr. & Co., *Cincinnati*
A. G. JAUDON & Co., *or*
MACALLISTER & YORK, *Philadelphia.*
WHITALL, JAUDON & Co., *or*
YORK, MACALLISTER & Co., *New Orleans.*
July 10, 1832.—tf

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, ittvented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.
LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.
Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

Ten Acre Lots for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale Eight Lots of Ground, situated in view of the town of East Liberty, containing about 10 acres each.

The above Lots are handsomely located; suitable for country residences. The terms will be accommodating to purchasers. For a plan of the lots and other particulars, apply to the proprietor, No. 194 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
JAMES LAUGHLIN.
may 8, 1832.—tf

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞*WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.*☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,
From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.
UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;
Received by late arrivals, and for sale by
H. MAC SHANE,
Feb. 14—tf. 76 Front street.

HOGE & WAINWRIGHT,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

RESPECTFULLY request the attention of Country Merchants, Saddlers, and others, to their Stock of Goods, a greater part of which is of their own importation; and in part, consists of Griffin's, Waldron's, Passmore's, and Wilson's Scythes; Knives and Forks; Pen, Pocket, and Blade Knives; Locks; Latches; Butt Hinges; Screws; Sheep Shears; Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel—a fine assortment of Waiters, &c. &c.

Having made arrangements for the importation of our own Goods in future, and determined to use every exertion to give satisfaction, we feel confident that we shall be enabled to meet the wishes of those who may favor us with their custom.
Pitt